THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXI.—NO. 52. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9.442

FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N.C., Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—Nov. 20.

Sun Rises	6.41 A M
Sun Sets	4.49 P M
Day's Length	10 h 08 m
High Water at Southport	3.36 P M
High Water at Wilmington	5.16 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 20.

Meteorological data for yesterday: Temperature, 8 a. m., 38°; 8 p. m., 53°; maximum, 64°; minimum, °35; mean, 50°. Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 1.01.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. November 19, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The barometer has fallen rapidly over nearly all sections, with a moderate storm area central to-night over the upper Mississippi valley, and comparatively high barometer continues over the Southeast. Generally fair weather prevails over the South, while cloudiness is noted generally along the Missouri valley east to New England. Light showers fell along the South Florida coast, and light rain or snow occurred over the lakes and Massachusetts during the past 12 hours. It is warmer generally over the entire country, being more decidedly so over the Missouri valley and the lower lakes.

FORECAST FOR TO DAY

For North Carolina, fair and slightly warmer; east to south winds.

OUTLINES.

Acting Assistant Attorney General Barrett decides that a State cannot levy an income tax on the salary or compensation of a postmaster; the case arose on inquiry from the postmaster at Gastonia, N. C. —— U. S. monitor Amphitrite is at Port Royal, S. C., training gunners. —— Schooner Roger Moore arrived at Sapelo, Ga., in distress. —— Stockholders of the Northeastern Railroad Company re elected the President and Board of Directors. —— A colored man in the employ of the Charleston Electric Light Company, while at work took hold of a live wire and was killed instantly. —— The U. S. torpedo boat flotilla left Charleston yesterday for Port Royal. —— Bradstreets reports some improvement in trade in Western cities, and in the Gulf States where quarantine restrictions have been removed. —— The Railroad Commission, in session at Raleigh, annulled all previous orders regulating telephone rates. —— Gov. Johnston, of Alabama has ordered removal of State quarantine absolutely to day at noon. —— A call is issued for a convention of cotton growers of the Southern States to be held in Atlanta, Ga., December 18, 1897. —Great fire in London; nearly a hundred warehouses destroyed; the loss will probably exceed £5 000 000 sterling. —Total visible supply of cotton 3,211,366 bales, against 3 551,841 last year at same time; total receipts this season at all U. S. ports, 3,304,500 bales, against 3,189,019 same time last year. —The Widows' and Orphans' Relief Association, I. O. O. F., of the Virginias and North Carolina, elected officers for the ensuing year. —— Miss Cross, a young lady living near Athens, Ga., committed suicide by taking poison. —Six new cases of yellow fever at New Orleans; no deaths. —— A soldier died in the military hospital at Pensacola, Fla., of yellow fever. —— New York markets: Money on call was steady at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 1¾@3 and closed offered at 2 per cent.; cotton dull—middling 5⅞ cents; flour was firm and fairly active at old prices; wheat—firm; No. 2 red 99¼c; corn—spot steady; No. 2 34⅜c; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.40@1.45; spirits turpentine steady at 31½@32c.

Martin Thorn, who dissected Guldenseppe, learned the art of carving people by practising as a barber.

Judging from the number of rows they have in the Austrian Reichsrath they must have some very wrathy fellows among the Austrian Solons.

Luetgert and his wife may not have got along very well together, but if she should light in on him suddenly now all would be forgiven.

Dick Croker is in the swim. He not only laid out the other fellows in the New York election but scooped most of the prizes in the big Madison Square horse show.

A Kansas farmer has six daughters who have eloped, and two more who are patiently biding their time and opportunity. He keeps too many unsociable dogs about his place.

A plucky woman jumped on and downed a burglar in New York the other night. Among the contents of his pockets was a rabbit foot. But it wasn't the right kind of a r. f.

When a Brooklyn jury gave Mrs. Florence Van Schaack a verdict of $65,000 against her father-in-law for alienating the affections of her husband, the old fellow got some idea of the value of his son's affections.

The Sultan of Turkey will not permit bicycles to run in Constantinople. He pronounces them "immoral and dangerous to the State." The old fellow was probably afraid that the harem would strike him for one each.

A German chemist has compounded a fluid which, injected into growing plants, stops their growth, sets them to sleep as it were, and it is said will preserve their fresh, green appearance for an indefinite period, regardless of changes in temperature.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

One of our consuls in Mexico writes of a race of Indians who inhabit one of the islands in the Gulf of California, who are supposed to have killed a party of Americans; that they are of giant stature, astonishing athletes and perfectly at home on or in the water. He says they can, supported by a rawhide shoe they wear, not only walk but run upon the water. The women are not of their race but descendants of women captured, and most of them (the women) have a "transparent, peachy complexion and auburn hair." They kill all puny, malformed or mentally defective children, and no man or woman is allowed to live beyond the age of seventy years, no matter how well preserved in mind or body they may be. They allow no stranger to put foot upon their domain, and that is why they killed the Americans, who were shell hunting along the shore.

The bones of a mastodon were unearthed in the Bluelick section of Kentucky recently and the committee of boneologists which superintended the disinterment found beneath the strata of gavel in which the bones lay the remains of roadway well paved with stone. This gives proof that the original Kentuckian gave more attention to good roads than the modern Kentuckian does.

The postal money order business is growing in this country. It started in 1865 with 419 offices which issued orders to the amount of $1,360,122, and they thought that a big business. Now there are 20,000 offices which have issued this year orders aggregating $174,482,696. The business has been growing steadily and largely from the start.

A singular coincidence is reported from St. Louis, where two brothers keeping saloons in different parts of the city were stricken with paralysis at the same time, one being paralyzed in the right, the other in the left side. It must have been a family heirloom.

Nebraska and the country adjacent thereto got one of its regular old fashioned snow storms the other day, when a locomotive could not be seen at a distance of fifty feet and the mercury was at zero. It is incidents like this that vary the monotony of life out there.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KING GROCERY Co—Turkeys.
F. T. MILLS—Horses and mules.
J. F. GARRELL & Co—Palace market

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

L. T. BOWDEN—Turkeys.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. C. S. Powell, of Smithfield, was here yesterday.

— Mr. C. L. Scott, of Sanford, arrived in the city last evening.

— Mr. James Kyle, of Fayetteville, arrived in the city last evening.

— W. H. Pope, Esq., of Fayetteville, was among last evening's arrivals.

— Boiler and Hull Inspectors Wm. H. Gannon and E. E. Groom, of Charleston, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. B. Skelding, general manager of the Wilmington Street Railway Company, returned home last evening from Washington city.

— Mr. George H. Bender, assistant agent for the W. & N. Railroad at Newbern, arrived in the city yesterday on a short visit to his family.

— Dr. E. W. Sikes, of Wake Forest College, who has been the guest of Mr J. J. Shepard, 415 South Second street, for several days past, left yesterday.

— Marsden Bellamy, Esq., is expected to arrive home this afternoon from New York. The STAR learns with pleasure that he is much improved in health.

Arrested for Larceny in Brunswick County.

A white man, Jim Pearce, was arrested yesterday morning by Deputy Sheriff Flynn and committed to jail in default of bond on the charge of larceny. The arrest was made on a warrant from the court of Justice J. W. Gay, Brunswick county, and charges the defendant with stealing a coat, a pair of pants, a vest and several other articles of apparel. The accused will be tried in Brunswick county.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The Cape Fear river is getting low again, and only the smaller river boats can go up as far as Fayetteville.

— Captain of Police Robert Green has returned from Charleston, S. C., and he spoke in words of praise of the hospitality of the police force of that city.

— There has been marked activity in the spirits turpentine market this week. Quotations yesterday at close of market were 30 and 29½ cents per gallon.

— The Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta train due here at 12.15 p. m. did not arrive yesterday until after five o'clock. The delay was caused by waiting for connections.

— In the Police Court yesterday, Willie Harrison, colored, was bound over to the next term of the Criminal Court and committed to jail in default of bond on the charge of stealing an overcoat.

— A young white man from the country had his pocket-book, containing $1.20 in money, stolen from him yesterday by a negro boy. The young man was standing on the street examining the pocket-book when the theft occurred.

— The New York *Times* of the 18th says: "The Board of County Canvassers in this city were still hard at work last night at the City Hall. It was stated there that J. S. Geagan and Solomon C. Weill, Democratic candidates in the Nineteenth Assembly District for Alderman and Assembly man respectively, were doubtless elected."

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—1,125 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 25 bbls tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,219 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 47 bbls rosin, 3 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—297 bales cotton, 57 casks spirits turpentine, 59 bbls rosin, 17 bbls tar, 27 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—112 bales cotton, 38 casks spirits turpentine, 51 bbls rosin, 28 bbls tar, 10 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington & Newbern R. R—110 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—3 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 221 bbls rosin, 44 bbls tar, 3 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Driver—8 bales cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine, 79 bbls rosin, 85 bbls tar, 3 bbls crude turpentine.

Larkins' flat—56 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 2 874 bales; spirits turpentine, 133 casks; rosin, 457 bbls; tar, 258 bbls; crude turpentine, 49 bbls.

George Johnson Taken to the Penitentiary.

Deputy Sheriff W. W. King left yesterday morning on the 9.35 o'clock Atlantic Coast Line train for Raleigh, in charge of George Johnson, colored, who will be placed in the penitentiary to serve a life sentence. Johnson is the man who was sentenced to suffer death at the last term of the Criminal Court for feloniously assaulting Bertha Brewington, colored, but whose sentence Gov. Russell so justly commuted last Wednesday to life imprisonment in the State prison.

By the way, Deputy Sheriff Flynn was the man who captured Johnson after a chase of twelve miles, but he received no reward for the capture.

Cases Tried by Justice Bunting.

Justice Bunting disposed of two cases yesterday.

Joseph Simon, an Assyrian, charged with doing business without a license, was let off upon payment of costs and the understanding that he would procure a license.

Henry Phifer, colored, charged with willful trespass, was fined $5 00 and costs, and sent to jail in default. Before the trial Phifer, while being brought from the jail by Deputy Sheriff Flynn, made his escape and ran, but proved no equal to Deputy Flynn as a sprinter, as he was overtaken by the aforesaid deputy before the distance of two squares was covered.

Cotton Receipts.

The weekly statement of cotton and naval stores shows the receipts of cotton at this port for the week ending yesterday to have been 15,181 bales, against 17,017 for the corresponding week of 1896.

The season's receipts for this year are 188,250 bales, against 156 431 bales last year.

Port receipts for week ending yesterday were 898.985 bales, the figures for 1896 being 812,062.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Doctor Blue Mountain Joe.

Mr. H. H. Whittier, representing the tent show of Dr. Blue Mountain Joe, arrived in the city yesterday, to make arrangements for a stay of four weeks in this city. The show was here about a year ago, and exhibited under canvas in a vacant lot on Front street, between Church and Castle. The performances at that time were highly satisfactory and very creditable.

UNKNOWN MAN KILLED.

Run Over and Decapitated by a Freight Train on the W., C. & A. R. R., Eight Miles from Wilmington.

An unknown white man was run over and killed by a freight train near the eight mile post on the W., C. & A. railroad yesterday morning about 11.30 o'clock. The train was an extra and was moving at the rate of 30 or 40 miles an hour down a steep grade, when engineer N N. Wakefield saw about 200 yards ahead an object on the track. He thought at first it was a goat, but on nearer approach could see that it was a man face foremost on the ground with his head and shoulders over the rail. It was simply impossible to stop the train, so that all the engineer could do was to blow his whistle. The man was asleep or dead, for he didn't move. The fireman, William Byrd, colored, says he did not see the man until the engine was within twenty-five yards of him.

When the information was received here, yard master C. R. Branch, Dr. D. W. Bulluck, the Atlantic Coast Line surgeon, and Mr. J. N. Brand, stenographer for Mr. E. Borden, Superintendent of Transportation, boarded a shifting engine and hastened to the scene of the accident. The decapitated body was lying in the position described by Engineer Wakefield and a few feet away was the head. The back of the skull was broken and the brains were exposed.

The man was apparently about 40 years of age, 5 feet and 10 inches tall, and probably would have weighed 140 or 150 pounds. He had light hair and eyes, and wore a thin, light mustache. He had on neat clean clothing.

There was absolutely no clue to the unfortunate man's identity. Nothing was found on his person except some tooth-picks and cigarettes, and he was a perfect stranger to the few people who saw him yesterday morning prior to the accident. Twenty minutes before the train came he was warned by some one passing that it was dangerous to be sleeping on the track and was advised to go into the woods and go to sleep. He sat up on the end of a cross-tie and said, "Yes, that's so."

The watchmen at Hilton and Navassa report seeing the man pass early yesterday morning with his face covered with blood and bruises. He was spitting blood when they saw him, and remarked at Navassa that he believed he was going to bleed to death. He refused to answer any questions about his identity or the way in which he received his injuries. The presumption is that he got on a spree in the city Thursday night and was beaten and robbed. This theory is borne out by the fact that there was nothing of value whatever in his pockets.

A coroner's inquest, under the circumstances, was not considered necessary, and upon the advice and consent of Justice of the Peace E. W. Davis, colored, preparations were made for the burial of the man near the place where he was killed. The coffin was sent out last night at seven o'clock on a freight train.

ROANOKE CHEMICAL COMPANY.

The Manufacture of Baking Powder Cans Already Begun.

The machinery with which the cans of the Roanoke Chemical Company are manufactured is already in place in the building on Nutt street formerly occupied by the W. & N R. R. Co., and cans are being turned out daily by the thousand. A five horse power electric motor moves the different machines with the exception of the cutter, which is run by foot power.

It is an interesting process by which large sheets of tin are passed in at one machine and come out at the last perfectly shaped baking powder boxes. The tin for a single box leaves the cutter, then passes through a roller, after which it is passed into a crimping and sealing machine, when it is ready for the last machine, which seals the bottom on. The bottoms and tops are turned out from a large, heavy power press that can be so adjusted as to make ends for boxes of any size.

The hands are all employed here and as they are as yet inexperienced, the present daily output is not so large as it will be later. With skilled labor the capacity is 30 000 cans per day.

The machinery for the manufacture of baking powder and soda will be here in a week or two and the whole factory will be in operation in less than a month.

"The Father of Clarkton."

Mr. John H. Clark, of Clarkton, is in the city. He has been identified with the business life of that town so long that he is called the "Father of Clarkton." This is his 76th birthday and he says that he has never borrowed a dollar from a bank in his life, never given a mortgage or gone into bankruptcy. And he has been in business for fifty-three years, commencing in this city in a grocery store under the Seamen's Bethel. For 45 years not a drop of strong drink has passed his lips. Though well beyond the ordinary limit of a man's life, Mr. Clark is hale and hearty. He is the father of eleven children, nine of whom are living.

One way in which Mr. Clark celebrates his birthday is to keep his subscriptions to newspapers and magazines paid up till then.

A Bold Thief.

Yesterday afternoon a bold colored boy tried to steal a pair of shoes from Mr. Frank Hoffner, who keeps a shoe store at No. 9 Market street. The proprietor thought something was up when he saw the boy making for the door with a rather unnatural protuberance beneath his coat and under each arm. Mr. Hoffner gave pursuit and overtook the thief in the Custom House alley. In his excitement the negro dropped the stolen articles and his hat. Mr. Hoffner appropriated both the shoes and hat, hoping to use the latter in effecting the discovery and arrest of the thief.

PAID FIRE DEPARTMENT

Will be Established in Wilmington If the Tariff Association Guarantees Reduction of Insurance Rates—Chief Joyner of Atlanta Leaves for Home.

Major W. R. Joyner, Chief of the Atlanta (Ga) Fire Department, who has been in the city the past few days examining the fire department here, and to advise as to what is necessary for the establishing of a good paid department, left yesterday for home on the Seaboard Air Line train.

Chief Joyner carried with him a letter to Mr. C. C. Fleming, secretary of the Southeastern Tariff Association, and stationed in Atlanta, from Messrs. Charles C. Chadbourn and J. H. Boatwright, committee from the local Board of Underwriters, and endorsed by Mayor S. P. Wright and Mr. W. H. Chadbourn, chairman of the Board of Audit and Finance. The purport of the letter was that a paid fire department would be established in Wilmington on the plan laid out by Chief Joyner (published in the STAR yesterday) if the Tariff Association would reduce the rates of insurance 15 cents on the $100. This proposition will no doubt be acceptable to Secretary Fleming, as the plan laid down by Chief Joyner differs but little—and that not materially—from an article of agreement drafted by Mr. James S. Middleton, representing the Tariff Association, some weeks ago. The article set forth that if a paid fire department was established in Wilmington, according to an article attached, stating the requirements necessary for the equipment of a full paid department, that the basis rates for insurance would be sixty cents instead of seventy-five cents, which is now the figure used.

The article of requirements for the equipping of a full paid fire department and the plan laid down by Chief Joyner only differ in two respects. The article requires each hose reel to carry 2 000 feet of hose and a man to attend solely to the fire alarm system, while Chief Joyner says that 1,000 feet of hose carried by each reel is sufficient and that a man to attend strictly to the fire alarm system in this city is not necessary, as one of the paid firemen can be given extra pay and required to attend to the fire alarm system, which will prove more efficient and satisfactory However, when Chief Joyner has an interview with Secretary Fleming as he will do when he arrives in Atlanta, these two difference will, no doubt, be obviated.

Chief Joyner is certainly a clever gentleman, and made many friends during his stay in this city, all of whom will give him a hearty welcome if he ever returns, which it is hoped he will do at an early date.

FOOT BALL NEXT THURSDAY.

Good Prospect for a Fine Game Between Local Teams.

Each day finds the prospect brighter and brighter for a good game of foot ball here next Thursday between the A C. L. and the O A. N. Both teams were out in full force last night at the O. A. N. Athletic Park, and had quite a successful practice. The boys have gotten down to hard work and are bent upon giving the public the best game of foot ball ever played here between local teams. The management assures that this will be a full game and promises that should a dispute arise, (which, however, is not at all probable) the game will be finished under protest.

The Street Railway Company has offered the teams every inducement possible and is aiding them by putting up a purse to be played for. Their hearty co-operation is appreciated by the teams and tends to encourage them greatly.

The gridiron will be enclosed by rope and the city authorities have kindly agreed to furnish a sufficient number of policemen to keep the field clear. The seating accommodations, this time, will be ample and no extra charge will be made for seats.

Wear the colors of your favorite team from now on and thus cheer them to the hope of victory.

KRONBERG CONCERT COMPANY.

Delightful Musical Entertainment—Opening of the Star Course Season.

A rare and delightful musical treat was what all who were fortunate enough last night to be present at the Young Men's Christian Association enjoyed. The occasion was the concert of the Kronberg Concert Company, and was the opening entertainment of the Star Course. A large crowd was present and thoroughly enjoyed the event, and accorded each number rendered flattering, but deserving applause. The company consists of Nannie Hands-Kronberg, soprano; S. Kronberg, baritone; Mr. Frank Kennedy, violinist, and Miss Marie Patterson, pianist; and each one of these high class artists, for such they certainly are, received encore after encore. Especially fine was the violin playing of Mr. Kennedy, who possesses a gift as a master of that instrument, and exercised it last evening to the great pleasure of the large audience, who demanded of him several encores and greeted his every appearance with hearty applause.

Justice McGowan's Court.

Rev. B. F. Sikes, colored, entered suit yesterday in Justice J. M. McGowan's court against the trustees of Ebenezer Baptist church (colored) on Seventh street between Orange and Ann, to recover $95.50 salary, alleged to be due him for performing the duties of pastor of that church. The case was tried at 10 o'clock in the morning, Herbert McClammy, Esq., representing the plaintiff, and John D. Bellamy, Esq., the defendants. After hearing the evidence in the case and the argument and contentions of counsel, Justice McGowan reserved his decision until 10 o'clock this morning.

— Mr. Edward Troy, of Clarkton, was here yesterday.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

ARNOLD-WELLES PLAYERS

At the Opera House All Next Week at 10, 20 and 30 Cents.

The press of the different cities where the above attraction has played speak terms of praise of its plays and players. The following is taken from the Danville, Va., *Daily Register* of Tuesday last:

"The largest audience that ever attended the opening of a popular-priced engagement at the Academy of Music witnessed the performance of the Arnold-Welles Players last evening. When the curtain went up at 8.30 o'clock every seat in the house was occupied, people sat in the aisles and late arrivals had difficulty in pushing through the crowds about the doors. Not only was the audience large, but it was enthusiastic, and applause rippled over the sea of faces with unvarying regularity throughout the evening.

"Over the Hills to the Poorhouse" is good, but the players of the Arnold-Welles company are better, and their specialties are best. And specialties are what patrons of popular-priced shows like best."

To advertise this guaranteed attraction, ladies will be admitted free to the opening performance Monday night, Nov. 22, if accompanied by a friend holding a paid 30-cent ticket, which must be purchased before 7 p. m. of that date. This is done to avoid the crush at the Opera House box office. The play presented will be the funniest of all funny comedies, "Hand and Glove," or "The Rival Detectives." Reserved seats now on sale at Gerken's.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 7 30 p. m. Sunday school at 3.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8 00 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 4 00 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

Market Street M. E Church, next to corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. T. H. Sutton, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 9 30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 7.30 p. m.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. H. Hoge, D. D., pastor. Divine service at 11 a. m. and 8 00 p. m. Communion at the morning service. Young people's prayer meeting at 7 30 in Anniversary Hall. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday at 8.15 p. m. Seats free.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 7 30 p. m. Junior Y. P. S. C. E. 10.05 a. m. Senior Y. P. S. C. E. 6 45 p. m. Sabbath School at 3 30 p. m. Prayer and Praise Wednesday at 8 p. m. All welcome. Seats free.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m and 7 00 p. m. Sunday School at 3 30 p. m. Christian Endeavor society every Wednesday evening.

The regular service of the Seamen's Bethel will be conducted to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, by Rev. A. D. McClure. Seamen and rivermen specially invited. All welcome.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. F. H Farrington, pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a m, and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2 30 p m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

For Rent.

HOUSE ON NINTH BETWEEN Church and Castle streets. Four rooms water and good yard room in rear.

D. O'CONNOR,
oc 7 tf

Hamme, The Hatter.

THE PLACE TO GO FOR STYLE AND COMFORT, Latest Styles and Lowest Price.
nov 14 tf 26 North Front Street.

TURKEYS!

A FINE LOT JUST IN.

Give us your order now and we'll dress them for you, if you desire.

THE KING GROCERY CO,
B. F. KING, Manager,
Bell Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
no 20 tf

IF YOU WANT
A Horse or a Mule

There is no better or cheaper place to buy one than at

F. T. Mills' Stables.

I carry on hand ALL THE TIME a good assortment of fine stock. New loads being received constantly. If you think of buying it will pay you to come and look. You will be pleased.

F. T. MILLS,
nov 17 tf 112 and 114 North Water St.

PALACE MARKET.

We have this day in connection with our other business opened a place to be known as

The Palace Market,

on the northwest corner of Market and Second streets for the

SALE OF FRESH MEATS.

We have secured the services of Mr. G. E. Tilley, who has had several years experience in the fresh meat business, who will be the manager thereof.

We respectfully solicit your patronage.

J. F. GARRELL & CO.
oc 21 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WORTH & WORTH
OFFER FOR SALE
Finest Seed Oats
handled in years.
Flour, Bacon, Sugar,
Lard, Molasses,
MEAL, SALT, LIME, CEMENT,
Plaster, Hay, Corn, Hoop Iron,
OATS, RIVETS, GLUE,
Bagging and Ties
AT Low Prices.
no 7 tf Wilmington, N. C.

A Complete and Varied
STOCK OF
Drugs, Druggists' Sundries,
CHEMICALS,
Proprietary Medicines,
Seeds for the Season, Etc., Etc.
ROBERT R. BELLAMY,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
no 14 tf Wilmington, N. C.

WE ARE TRYING TO MAKE IT INTERESTING for our customers now. We have in stock and coming some of the nicest Ladies, Gents, Misses and Children's SHOES, all styles, that we ever carried. If you wear them you will be pleased with them.

Three (3) nice presents await the busy and energetic workers, who are working to bring us in trade during the next 60 days.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,
nov 4 tf 115 Princess Street.

OPERA HOUSE.
ONE WEEK, COMMENC'G MONDAY, NOV. 22
The Southern Favorites,
ARNOLD-WELLES PLAYERS.
Entire change of play and specialties at every performance.
MONDAY NIGHT,
"HAND AND GLOVE,"
Or The Rival Detectives.
You'll laugh, you can't help it.
Prices—10, 20 and 30 cents.
Ladies Free Monday night if accompanied by a paid 30 cent ticket
Matinees Thanksgiving and Saturday. no 19 3t

Without Reserve
To the Highest Bidder.

AT THE COURT HOUSE DOOR, AT NOON on WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 1st, will be sold, without reserve, for cash, to the highest bidder, the W. P Oldham House and Lot on Second street, and the Mill on Dock street.

The Dwelling House
Is a brick building of nine rooms in good repair, conveniently located on the West side of Second street between Orange and Ann.

The Mill Property
consists of a three-story brick building, 45 horse power engine, and 50 horse power tubular boiler with complete set of grist and rice milling machinery.
nov 18 4t 20 25 de 1 B. F. HALL, Trustee.

GROCERIES
TO MATCH 5-CENT COTTON.
500 Barrels Flour.
100 Barrels Sugar.
100 Boxes Loose Starch.
100 Boxes Celluloid.
100 Boxes Star Lye.
100 Boxes M. Lye.
50 Boxes Potash.
We will sell Groceries on a basis of 5c cotton. Always get our prices before purchasing.
W. B. COOPER.
nov 14 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

Look Here!
Geese, Turkeys, Chickens,
Pretzels, Saratoga Chips,
Poultry Seasoning. Cut price on
FINE NORTON YAM POTATOES.
Just received a fine lot Mountain Cabbages.
S. W. Sanders,
At the Unlucky Corner.
nov 17 tf

Combination Bicycle
FOR SALE!
A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address
M., at
ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Are You Preparing for Cold Weather?

If not you had better do so, or old Boreas may make you an unexpected visit. If he runs up against one of our handsome "Regal," "Liberty" or "Magic Air Tight" Parlor Stoves when heated he will lose his mission. These elegant Stoves minister to your comfort without annoyance and are economical in the use of fuel. Prices very low.

J. W. Murchison,
Hardware, Tinware, &c.,
Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
no 7 tf

Vollers & Hashagen,
Distributors of Provisions.
Manufacturers' Agents.

We sell direct from packer to grocerymen at first cost. Hence we are the people.

WE SELL
SALTED MEATS, SMOKED MEATS, "SHIELD" BRAND LEAF LARD, CANNED MEATS.

WE SELL
Powell Smith & Co.'s "RENOWN" CIGARS, CUBAN BLOSSOMS, SMOKETTE, TOPICAL TWIST HEAD.

These Cigars Are Notoriously Good—Try 'em once.

Warehouse and office foot of Nutt street, A. C. Line trackage.
No expense in handling goods.
nov 14 tf

Commissioner's Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA, New Hanover County. } In Superior Court.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE SUPERIOR Court of the County of New Hanover, made in the proceedings for Partition in the matter of Thomas A. Heide, *et al*, vs. Henry H. Heide, *et al*, the undersigned Commissioner, appointed by the Court, will, on Thursday the 18th day of November, A. D. 1897, at 12 o'clock M., sell at public auction, at the Court House door of the County of New Hanover in the City of Wilmington, for cash to the highest bidder, all the following lots and tracts of land lying and being in the State of North Carolina and County of New Hanover, and described as follows

1st. That tract of land in the said county, known as "Appleton," and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake in the run of Doctor's Branch, thence running north 64 deg. W 150 poles to a pine in the bay, thence N. 30 deg. W 130 poles to a stake in the run of a branch in Yearling Savanna, thence over said branch with its meanderings to the mill pond, high water mark, thence along the high water mark around the pond to where it heads in Doctor's Branch, thence along the run of said branch with its meanderings to the first station; containing 40 acres, more or less, and being the same described in a deed of W. D. Smith and M. E. Smith to W. C Heide, recorded in Book E E E, p. 168, *et seq.*, of the records of said county.

Also, that lot in the said State and county and in the city of Wilmington, and in block No 127, according to the present official plan, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Second street at a stone wall the northern line of a lot once the property of C. C. Morse thence east with the said line and the southern line of said wall 114 feet, thence northwardly in a line parallel with the said line of Second street 41 feet to an alley, thence west parallel with Ann street and along the alley 114 feet to the said line of Second street, thence with said line of Second street 41 feet to the beginning.

W. B. McKOY,
Commissioner.
oct 29 30t

We Started Out
By selling Ice to the trade only, but we cannot refuse to respect the WISHES OF THE PUBLIC.
We have decided therefore to furnish
Pure Crystal Ice,
delivered AT YOUR DOOR at the rate of 40 cents per hundred pounds in lots of 5 pounds and upward.
We can make it to your advantage to give us a share of your trade.
Respectfully,
The Wilmington Brewing Association.
☞ Get Ice tickets from the wagon or at its factory, corner of Dock and Water streets. no 17 tf

JOB PRINTING.
Easy Sign Markers,
Metal Body Rubber Type,
Solid Rubber Type,
LINEN MARKERS,
TIME STAMPS,
SEVEN YEAR DATERS,
AIR CUSHION BAND DATERS,
STAMP PADS, all colors;
INDELIBLE INK.
Anything you want in the Stamp line.
Wilmington Stamp Works,
Wilmington, N. C.
Bell Phone 240.
We have a small Printing Press for sale at half price. no 17 tf

100,000 Cigars.
500 Boxes Tobacco.
50 Bags Coffee.
100 Buckets Candy.
100 Cases Star Lye.
50 Bbls. choice Porto Rico Molasses.
100 Boxes Soap.
For sale at rock bottom prices.
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market Street.
oc 14 tf

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, Nov. 20, 1897

POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS.

Another of the paternalistic schemes that is attracting more or less attention at this time, is the postal savings bank, which didn't originate with Postmaster General Gary, but is favored by him. If paternalism were one of the functions of this Government then there might be something said in favor of the postal savings bank, but as paternalism is not one of the functions of this Government, which has business enough of its own to attend to and more than it can attend to well, there is little if anything to be said in favor of it.

There are, as far as we can see, but two ideas at the bottom of this scheme, one of which is the paternalistic feature, namely to protect the people who have small earnings to deposit from being subjected to loss by the dishonesty or bad management of savings bands where they have them, or to enable them to deposit their earnings with the Government and receive a moderate interest on the deposits if they didn't care to deposit in other banks or didn't have other banks to deposit in. The other is to give the Government the use of their earnings, which it would be convenient for it to have when its cash for any reason ran short. In the first, the Government becomes a banker for the benefit of the people; in the other it becomes a banker for its own gain, but the Government is too much in the banking business now and it has no right to be in it at all. Some of our statesmen have been laboring for some years to get it out of the banking business, but so far with little success.

This idea has been borrowed from Europe where some of the Governments have postal savings banks, and they work pretty well, but because they work well this is no guarantee that they would work well here, for the conditions in those countries is very materially different from the conditions in this country. There, for instance, political parties have nothing to do with the management of the postal departments, which are conducted on strictly busi. principles regardless of the political party that may be in power. There is no bouncing of the incumbents every few years; they have a life-tenure with good behavior and therefore they have a fuller sense of their responsibility and accountability; they are not the mere creatures of a party, and as the temporary custodians of the money deposited with them they are not the bankers for a party, as too many of them would be in this country if we had these savings banks.

But there are serious objections to this scheme, even if there were no objection from the standpoint of paternalism, or from the Government banking standpoint. As means for enabling wage-earners and others to save their small earnings and put them where they would be safe, there is no necessity for them in the Middle and Eastern States, where they have numerous banks, savings banks and building and loan associations, and where every device known for the accumulation of money and for its thrifty utilization is in operation. The money from the savings banks of these sections goes West and South for investment when there is no profitable investment for it where the banks are located. In the West and South, where savings banks are not so numerous and where it is supposed these postal banks would be a great convenience, they would do harm rather than good, for the postoffices would simply be the receptacles to receive the money deposited, which in due time would be transmitted to Washington, just as the money collected by the internal revenue offices is. That takes annually something over $150,000,000 out of circulation and sends it to Washington to be locked up in the vaults until the Government has occasion to pay it out, and so every dollar taken in by these postal savings banks would go to swell the sums there and diminish the currency in the sections where it is already too scarce. There is too much centralizing of money now, too much gorging in some sections and famishing in others, and this would simply be increasing the gorge and increasing the famine.

There may not be as many savings banks in the South as there should be nor as many building and loan associations, but with these postal savings banks there would be fewer, for they would necessarily come more or less into competition with the savings banks, decrease their deposits and their power to be useful, for the money deposited in them is loaned at home, stays at home and does good at home, while the money put in the postal savings banks would go away to come back no more until the depositor calls for it.

Thoughtful people who are laboring to build up the South have been making efforts for years for the establishment of a monetary system and for a banking system which would increase the currency in the South and supply it with the money necessary to meet the demands of business and for the development of its resources. Thus far they have succeed in neither, and there is no telling when they will succeed. In the meantime many industries that might and would be started are kept back on account of the scarcity of money, which would be made still more scarce if these postal savings banks were established and they came anywhere near realizing the anticpations of those who advocate them.

As we see it, without prejudice, while admitting that these institutions are good things in the European countries where they are in operation, they are not wanted in this country. They are not needed in those sections where the money of the country now centers so much, and where the people are supplied with all the money savings institutions for which they have any use, while in the other sections, but especially in the South, they would prove a positive injury, for reasons, some of which are given above.

MINOR MENTION.

Senator Morgan has returned from Honolulu, where he has spent several weeks studying the situation, more fully persuaded than ever that the United States should annex the Hawaiian islands. In the interview published yesterday he gives excellent reasons for this opinion, and will, doubtless, when he comes to discuss this question in the Senate give a good many more. He calls attention to the fact that the larger part of our territory was acquired either by purchase or virtually by conquest. We got Florida, Louisiana and Alaska by purchase, Texas by annexation and California by cession from Mexico as part of the indemnity for the cost of the war with that country. In view of these facts the cry against annexation or purchase of more territory does not seem consistent, nor does the fact of the peculiar population of Hawaii amount to anything, for there were very few Americans in any of the territory secured by purchase, annexation or treaty when so acquired. Neither does the distance of Hawaii hold good as an objection, for Hawaii is practically nearer to us to day than either California or Alaska was at the time of acquisition. But even if there were tenable objections to the annexation of these islands there are reasons for it that far outweigh any reason or number of reasons that may be advanced against it. England has secured her naval and commercial supremacy by the policy pursued in getting possession of resting places for her ships and trading posts on the lines that her commerce ran or was expected to run, and the consequence is that on every sea a British ship can find rest or refuge in harbors under the British flag. While we do not believe in the extreme landgrabbing spirit that has characterized British statesmanship, as we have to compete with Great Britain commercially, and eventually as a war power on the seas, we should profit by her example, and strengthen ourselves as she has strengthened herself, especially when we can do so without robbing any people of their rightful inheritance, or oppressing the weak.

***

We do not take much stock in the howl that is raised by some of the statesmen and organs against free passes on the railroads, although we contend that a State officer ought to have sufficient respect for the laws of his State to decline passes when offered, and thus avoid becoming virtually an accessory to the violation of the law. The law was passed for buncombe by small calibered politicians who were playing for prominence by assuming the role of reformers, and enemies of pasteboard corruption, and showed their hypocrisy and dishonesty by carrying pocketsful of this outlawed pasteboard themselves. But while all this is so, the fact, as assigned by Judge Timberlake, referred to by our Raleigh correspondent yesterday, that the travelling expenses of a Judge approximate $700 a year, affords no excuse nor justification for a Judge who accepts free passes. There is a law against giving them, and this by implication, at least, is virtually a law against receiving them. Judges, at least, should have reverence enough for the law to avoid even an indirect infraction of it. Judges, like other aspirants to positions in these days, are not above seeking nominations, at least all of them are not, and they know when they accept these nominations just what the salary is, what they have to do, and that they will have to pay their own travelling expenses if they do not evade the law. If there isn't enough in the office to justify them in accepting it then they ought to decline the nomination, if they did not seek it. They ought either to refuse to accept, or having accepted and been elected stand squarely up to the contract virtually entered into when they accepted the nomination. This applies not only to judges but to all State officers. They knew what they were doing when they accepted nominations and they have no right to accept passes because it costs money to travel and this cuts a hole in their salaries.

***

There is one portion of the Washington press dispatches published yesterday in reference to Cuba in which many of the citizens of Florida will be considerably interested. That State has been making much progress in the growing of "Cuba" tobacco since the war has interrupted its cultivation in Cuba, and Weyler's orders have prohibited its exportation. A good many Cubans have found employment in Florida either cultivating tobacco on their own account or as superintendents or hands on the lands of others. Within the past couple years the acreage and the product have increased immensely and Florida was bidding fair, if Cuba was kept out of the field for a while longer not only to become a formidable competitor, but to get control of the larger part of that trade. It is claimed that the Florida leaf is the equal of any grown in Cuba, and that the soil and climate of portions of that State are quite as well adapted to its successful culture as the tobacco growing area of Cuba is. Of course, if the efforts to revoke the orders prohibiting exports from Cuba succeed, this will let the Cuba product loose to compete with the Florida leaf and will doubtless cut down the profits of the tobacco growers in that State and check the increase in acreage, and that is why Florida is interested and why she probably hopes that these efforts will fail.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— When a German kills a lot of negroes in Africa it is all right, but when a lot of negroes maltreat a German in Hayti, that is a very different affair.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

—— There are a few people down in Texas who are so deluded as to believe the administration is losing sleep over the Republican fractional fight in that State. At the present time one vote in the Ohio Legislature is more important to the administration than the entire Republican Party of the South.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— The hurry-up order for ten-inch disappearing guns which the Midvale Steel Works are filling for the Government may not mean anything, or they may mean that Senator Caffery, of Louisiana, sees unusually deep into the Cuban millstone when he predicts a brush between the United States and Spain.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem*

—— President Andrews' eulogy of Henry George was ill timed. It was delivered just about the time Mr. Rockefeller had made up his mind to send to Brown University that $1,000,000 check, of which the country has heard so much. It seems, however, that the utterances of President Andrews act as a serious check to checks.—*New Orleans States, Dem*

TWINKLINGS.

— The Blonde—"I wonder if I shall ever live to be a hundred."

The Brunette—"Not if you remain twenty two much longer."—*Tit Bits.*

— An Up-to-Date Twist—She—"What is love?"

He—"Two saddles with but a single frame: two sprockets that turn as one."—*Judge*

— "At no time," said the philosopher, "is a man so willing to take the burden from the weak shoulders of frail woman as when she is harassed with the care of a large and paying property."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Old Golfer—"How many holes have you made?"

New Golfer (who has not reached the first green)—"Not more than four or five, and I put the turf right back."—*Harper's Bazar.*

— A Symptom: "But how are you going to tell Platonic love from any other?"

"Well for one thing, Platonic love doesn't laugh at locksmiths."—*Detroit Journal*

Jasper—"There's a funny thing about law-making in this country."

Jumpuppe—"What's that?"

Jasper—"Congress first makes the laws, and then has to get the Supreme Court to tell what they mean."—*Puck.*

— Entirely Capable: Attorney—"Have you formed or expressed an opinion concerning this case?"

Venireman—"No, sir. I haven't formed or expressed an opinion about anything for eighteen months. I'm the janitor of a women's club."—*Chicago Tribune.*

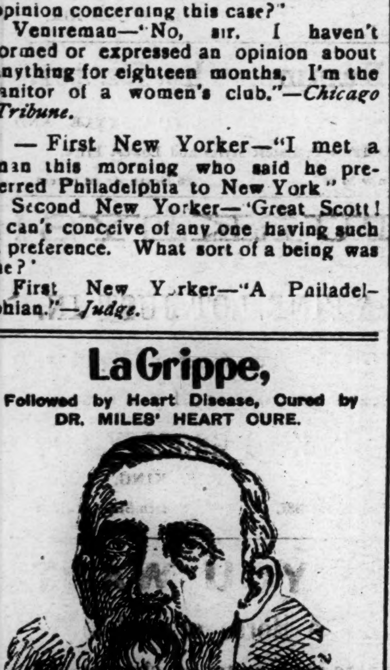
— First New Yorker—"I met a man this morning who said he preferred Philadelphia to New York."

Second New Yorker—"Great Scott! I can't conceive of any one having such a preference. What sort of a being was he?"

First New Yorker—"A Philadelphian."—*Judge.*

LaGrippe,

Followed by Heart Disease, Cured by DR. MILES' HEART CURE.



MR. C. C. SHULTS, of Winterset, Iowa, inventor and manufacturer of Shults' Safety Whiffletree Coupling, writes of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. "Two years ago an attack of LaGrippe left me with a weak heart. I had run down in flesh to mere skin and bone. I could not sleep lying down for smothering spells; frequent sharp darting pains and palpitation caused a constant fear of sudden death, nothing could induce me to remain away from home over night. My local physician prescribed Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and in a few days I was able to sleep well and the pains gradually lessened, and finally ceased. I reduced the the doses, having gained fifteen pounds, and am now feeling better in every way than I have for years."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Headache bad? Get Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' Pain Pill Cure All Pain. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists.

June 15 1y Change.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Salisbury *Sun*: The convicts macadamizing Innis street this morning struck a four-foot gold vein six inches below the surface. The ore, it is thought, contains large quantities of the precious metal. The vein crosses the street just beyond the railroad.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Miss Nora Godwin, daughter of Mr. S. C. Godwin, died yesterday (Wednesday) morning at 10 o'clock at her home in Flea Hill township, of typhoid fever. The young lady who was only nineteen years and six months old, had been sick just 18 days.

— Jacksonville *Times*: In accordance with the law, the sheriff presented a list of all persons who have failed to pay their taxes for 1897 to Judge Allen last week As the list was not given to the Judge until after the Solicitor had left town, no action will be taken until the Spring term of court.

— Weldon *News*: We were shown a few days ago a curiosity that would take the cake in a walk at any fair. It was an apple and it grew on an ordinary apple tree, just like any other nice behaved apple would naturally do. But the person who plucked it got scared when she examined it, for at one end of it was a perfect human face, eyes, nose, mouth and all.

— Wadesboro *Messenger Intelligencer*: Mr. Patrick C. Lyon and Mrs. Ella Swanner, both of Gullege township, were married Tuesday. Mr. Lyon draws a pension of $12 per month as a Mexican war veteran, and, as his new wife is only 37 years old, it is entirely possible that she may be drawing a pension as his widow 50 years from now, or about 100 years after the close of the Mexican war.

— Smithfield *Herald*: The list of delinquent tax payers submitted to the court this week by Sheriff Ellington contained some over 800 names. A test case was made up and tried and a verdict will be given by Judge Robinson. He has not yet rendered his decision. —— We have been asked by Solicitor Pou to inform those who have not yet paid their taxes that they need not apprehend any trouble if they settle their taxes within a reasonable length of time. He will not press the matter until the March term of our Superior Court.

— Southport *Standard*: Last Saturday night while kneeling in prayerful devotion with the family of her son, Mr. Robert W. Davis, Mrs. Ann E. Bell was taken suddenly ill with an attack of apoplexy, which resulted in her death on Sunday morning. She was about 54 years of age. —— News came in this week from the country of a fearful and almost fatal attempt at suicide. The victim, one McGowan, a tanner by trade, who hails from Goldsboro, N C, passed through the city last week, stopped with Mr. McKoy, who lives about ten miles from here, last Thursday night, leaving there early the next morning on his way to Georgetown, S. C, but was found about two miles off, near Ed Lancaster's place by a colored man the same morning with his head cut, stabbed and gashed with a pocket knife and bleeding freely. It was reported, and Dr. McNeill, was summoned who dressed the wounds, and he is now cared for. He will recover but he says if does he will never try the like again.

APPOINTMENTS

For Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

November 21, Sunday before Advent, M P—S John's, Pitt county.

November 23, Tuesday—S Paul's, Greenville.

November 25, Thursday, M P—Trinity, Chocowinity.

Calvary Chapel, Beaufort county.

November 28, Sunday 1st in Advent, M P—Zion, Bunyan, Beaufort county.

E P—S Peter's, Washington.

November 29, Monday, E P—Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.

November 30, Tuesday, Communion—Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.

December 2, Thursday, E P—S Martin's, Hamilton.

December 3, Friday, Communion—S Martin's, Hamilton.

December 5 Sunday second in Advent, M P—S Mary's, Gatesville.

December 5, Sunday 2d in Advent, E P—S Peter's, Gates county.

December 8, Wednesday, E P—S Barnabas, Murfreesboro.

December 9, Thursday, Communion—S Barnabas, Murfreesboro.

December 9, Thursday, E P—S John's, Winton.

December 10, Friday, Communion—S John's, Winton.

December 12, Sunday 3d in Advent, M P—Grace, Woodville.

December 12, Sunday 3d in Advent, E P—S Mark's, Roxobel.

December 16, Thursday, E P—S Thomas, Windsor.

December 17, Friday, Communion—S Thomas, Windsor.

December 19, Sunday 4th in Advent—Holy Innocents, Avoca

December 25, Saturday, Christmas, M P—Advent, Williamston.

December 26, Sunday after Christmas—Grace, Plymouth.

Holy Communion at all morning services.

The children catechised whenever practicable.

The Vestries will please be prepared to meet the Bishop.

Offerings to be for Diocesan Missions. †

After serious illness, like typhoid fever, pneumonia or the grip Hood's Sarsaparilla has wonderful strength-giving power. †

— Not His Fault—Father McDuff (severely)—"You should be ashamed of yourself, O'Donnell. You never know when you have enough."

O'Donnell—"An' shure yer Riverence is roight! Oi never know! Whin Oi gets enough Oi'm insinsible."—*Puck*

The Greatest Discovery Yet.

W. M. Repine, editor Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief," says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a sure cure for Coughs Colds, Whooping Cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

MISJUDGED HIS COMPANION.

Queer Experience of a Traveler on a Lake Steamer.

"Speaking of misjudging people," remarked the young man who has money and can take pleasure trips whenever he feels like it, "I had a peculiar experience when I took the steamer trip up the lakes. I was little late in applying for a berth, and the clerk informed me that every stateroom was occupied, and he would have to give me a berth in the same stateroom with another person. I didn't particularly like the idea, but it was the best I could do, and, being very tired, I turned in. I saw nothing of my roommate, and, he having first choice of berths, and presuming that he would choose the lower one, I climbed up above.

"I wondered what sort of a man he would prove to be, and to be on the safe side I took my gold watch and pocketbook and placed them carefully under my pillow. I tried to stay awake until he came in, but the motion of the boat lulled me to sleep in spite of myself, and I didn't wake up until morning. The other person had turned in without disturbing me. I heard him stirring around in the lower berth. Cautiously I slipped my hand under the pillow. Both my pocketbook and watch were gone. There was no denying it. I searched the berth carefully and quietly. There could be no mistake. My handsome timepiece and several hundred dollars in bills were gone. I lay still for a long time, wondering what I would do. Perhaps he had hurled the plunder into the hands of a confederate. I felt pretty blue. Anyway, I would report the matter to the captain. I sat up in my berth with sudden resolve. A pleasant faced young man was sitting, fully dressed, on the lower berth.

"'I've been waiting for you to wake up,' he said. 'Do these things belong to you?' He was holding up my purse and watch.

"'Yes, sir, they do,' I answered severely.

"'Well, the blame things plumped down on me this morning about an hour before I wanted to wake up. The wallet struck me blim on the end of the nose and the watch nearly knocked my front teeth out. I was never so startled in my life.'

"I looked sheepish, I suppose; I certainly felt so, for, turning the pillow down, I found that the springs were of woven wire and lacked several inches of filling in the space at the head of the berth. My property had simply slid through and dropped upon the face of my startled stateroom companion. He took matters very good naturedly, and we got to be good friends before we got to Duluth. He was a wealthy young Englishman taking his first trip through our western country, looking for investments, and I found him a very companionable fellow."—New York Tribune.

A BEAR IN A CAVE.

Two Indians Went In by the Light of a Torch and Killed the Game.

Robert H. Davis tells in Gameland how two buck Indians of the northwestern coast tribes went into a bear's den and, by the light of a torch, killed a big grizzly bear.

A young law student got sight of the bear one day while he was still hunting. While trying to approach it the hunter alarmed the bear, and it ran to a 1,000 foot cliff and took refuge in a hole there. The student climbed up 100 yards on the face of the cliff and started rocks down about the hole, thinking to drive the bear out, but the bear would not start. Then he went to a nearby Indian camp and got Trinity Dick and a Pitt river Indian, who said they would go with the man after the bear if he would let them take the rifle. The student let Trinity Dick take the rifle and borrowed another for the Pitt river Indian.

"I waited outside," the student told Davis, "while the Indians went into the cave with a torch. I listened for a long time, then I heard the dull boom of two guns away back in the cave somewhere. Then all was still again for some time. After a bit Trinity Dick came out and waved his hand to me, then went back in. I followed and quickly came to the bear, which was already loosing its hide at the knife point of the Pitt river Indian.

"The cave was deep, with many arms. The Indians had followed the main cave, disputing with each other as to who should go first. Trinity Dick, being the eldest, got the place of honor, while the other followed, holding the torch high aloft. The bear was not in the main cave, and they went to the end without coming upon it. On their way out, however, the men were confronted by the bear at a distance of 20 feet. Trinity Dick told his companion to hold the torch steady so that the sights could be seen plainly. When the shot was fired, the bear pitched forward, and then a second bullet was fired into it. The Indians then turned and ran, loading their guns as they did so. But the bear never moved again."

The Exact Moment of Death.

Dr. D. Ferguson writes to The Lancet: "Perhaps one of your medical writers may be in a position to give me an answer to the following query. It has occurred to me, as no doubt also to every medical man in active practice, to witness a large number of deaths. In many cases, according to the usual acceptation, it is almost impossible to tell the exact moment of dissolution. When the last few convulsive inspirations take place, we simply wait to see if they will be repeated, and after waiting a few moments and everything remaining quiescent we conclude that that is the time of decease.

There is one sign, however, which I think indicates much more clearly the exact moment when life is extinct. We have read many times in poetical effusions and elegant discourses of a phrase like the following, "When the thread of life is snaped." But this, though used merely metaphorically, comes very near, I believe, to reality. If any one watches closely the few last spasmodic gasps of the dying, he will hear in many cases a peculiar snap somewhere in the region of the head. It is not loud, but it can be plainly heard if watched for. What this may be owing to I cannot say, but can only vouch for the fact. I have never heard of it being taken notice of in any medical literature with which I am acquainted, but no doubt many of your readers have noted the fact and may be able to give some explanation of so important a feature in the last moment of life."

A Clever Trick.

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and Weak Kidneys, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to the Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures Consumption, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle-worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents a bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

FROM FOOT TO KNEE

Ohio Woman Suffered Great Agony From a Terrible Sore—Her Story of the Case, and Her Cure.

"For many years I was afflicted with a milk leg, and a few years ago it broke out in a sore and spread from my foot to my knee. I suffered great agony. It would burn and itch all the time and discharge a great deal. My health was good with the exception of this sore. I tried a great many kinds of salve, but some would irritate the sore so that I could hardly stand the pain. I could not go near the fire without suffering intensely. Some one sent me papers containing testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I told my husband I would like to try this medicine. He got me a bottle and I found it helped me. I kept on taking it until my limb was completely healed. I cannot praise Hood's Sarsaparilla enough for the great benefit it has been to me. It cleanses the blood of all impurities and leaves it rich and pure." MRS. ANNA E. EAKEN, Whittlesey, Ohio.

You can buy Hood's Sarsaparilla of all druggists. Be sure to get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Price 25c.

ALWAYS INSIST ON

Huyler's

PREMIUM CHOCOLATE (BLUE WRAPPER)

UNEXCELLED FOR DRINKING, COOKING, BAKING &c

COCOA FOR BREAKFAST & SUPPER CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

ep 4 6m sa

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina,

"Truth"

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH,"

Raleigh, N. C.

REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.

my D&W

A Pathetic Ad.

Here is an advertisement which should bring trade, even though people had to use a grindstone to wear holes through their shoes:

> I am the father of 26 children. No twins. I am also a cobbler and need work.
>
> If I have served my country well, it is evidence that I will mend your shoes well. One good turn deserves another. My shop is in the rear of Caldwell and Lanier's. Let me half sole those. J. M. LINNEY.

—Boot and Shoe Recorder.

Ancient Single Tax.

Vauban, the great French engineer, seems, according to his biographers, to have been the father, or perhaps the grandfather, of single tax. He published, in the year of his death, a volume in which he contended that one tax on land should be made to cover all the expenses of the state. The book was promptly suppressed by the royal council.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute		6¾
Standard		7⅜
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℘ ℔	12	14
Sides ℘ ℔	6	7½
Shoulders ℘ ℔	6	7½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℘ ℔	5½	5⅜
Shoulders ℘ ℔		5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00	1 10
New New York, each		1 20
New City, each		1 20
BEESWAX ℘ ℔		22
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℘ M	6 00	7 00
Northern	9 00	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℘ ℔	10	16
Northern	18	25
CORN MEAL—		
Per Bushel, in sacks	44	45
Virginia Meal	44	45
COTTON TIES—℘ bundle		85
CANDLES—℘ ℔—		
Sperm	18	25
Adamantine	8	10
CHEESE—℘ ℔—		
Northern Factory	11	10½
Dairy, Cream		11½
State		10
COFFEE—℘ ℔—		
Laguyra	20	
Rio	8	10½
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard		5½
Yarns, ℘ bunch	18	20
EGGS—℘ dozen		14
FISH—		
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ barrel	22 00	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ half-barrel	11 00	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ barrel	16 00	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ half-barrel	8 00	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℘ barrel	13 00	14 00
Mullets, ℘ barrel	4 00	4 25
Mullets, ℘ pork barrel		7 50
N C. Roe Herring, ℘ keg	3 00	3 25
Dry Cod, ℘ ℔	5	10
" Extra	3 35	3 50
FLOUR—℘ barrel—		
Low grade		3 75
Choice		4 75
Straight		5 10
First Patent	5 35	5 60
GLUE—℘ ℔—	7½	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White,	4[illegible]	47½
Car load, in bags—White,		46½
Oats, from store		32
Oats, Rust Proof		40
Cow Peas		60
HIDES, ℘ ℔—		
Green		6
Dry		8
HAY, ℘ 100 ℔s—		
Clover Hay	80	85
Rice Straw		50
Eastern		90
Western		85
North River		75
HOOP IRON, ℘ ℔	1½	2
LARD, ℘ ℔—		
Northern	5½	6
North Carolina	6	10
LIME, ℘ barrel	1 15	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℘ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	15 00
MOLASSES, ℘ gallon—		
Barbados, in hhds		26
" " in bbls		28
Porto Rico, in hhds		26
" " in bbls		28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	14
" " in bbls	14	15
Syrup, in bbls	12	15
NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut, 60d basis		1 50
PORK, ℘ barrel—		
City Mess		9 50
Rump		9 25
Prime		9 25
ROPE, ℘ ℔	10	22
SALT, ℘ sack Alum		1 10
Liverpool		80
Lisbon		
American	40	60
On 125 ℔ Sacks		40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℘ M	5 00	6 50
Common	1 60	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	3 50
SUGAR, ℘ ℔—Standard Granu'd		5¼
Standard A		5⅛
White Ex. C		4⅞
Extra C, Golden		4⅝
C. Yellow		3⅜
SOAP, ℘ ℔—Northern	3½	4
STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		10 00
TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping		9 00
Mill, Prime		7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed		
℘ M 6x24 heart	7 50	8 50
" Sap	5 00	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	5 00
" Sap	4 00	4 50
6x20 Heart	6 00	6 50
" Sap	5 00	5 50
TALLOW, ℘ ℔		6
WHISKEY, ℘ gallon—Northern,	1 00	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	2 00
WOOL ℘ ℔—Unwashed	8	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, November 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 30 cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 29½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1 15 per bbl for Strained and $1.20 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm: $1.40 per barrel for Hard, 1 90 for Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 25, 24½c; rosin firm, $1.55, 1 60; tar firm, $1.05; crude turpentine firm, $1.40, 2 00, 1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	133
Rosin	457
Tar	258
Crude Turpentine	49

Receipts same day last year—155 casks spirits turpentine, 1 066 bbls rosin, 124 bbls tar, 33 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5¼c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	2 15-16	cts ℘ ℔
Good Ordinary	4½	" "
Low Middling	4 13-16	" "
Middling	5¼	" "
Good Middling	5½	" "

Same day last year, middling 7¼c.

Receipts—2,874 bales; same day last year 2,884.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@45c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 50c; Fancy, 60c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 55c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.10@1.15 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 8.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended November 19, 1897.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
15,181	674	3,413	1,240	206

RECEIPTS.

For week ended November 20, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
17,017	1,310	6,312	631	265

EXPORTS.

For week ended November 19, 1897.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	1,223	437	424	1,377	422
Foreign	23,96[illegible]	000	9,135	000	000
	25,201	437	9,559	1,377	422

EXPORTS.

For week ended November 20, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	977	1,038	150	1,972	346
Foreign	9 950	000	4,118	000	000
	10,927	1,038	4,268	1,972	346

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, Nov. 19, 1897.

	Ashore.	Afloat	Total.
Cotton	14,786	11,586	26 372
Spirits	3,477	25	3,501
Rosin	49,405	19	49,424
Tar	2,318	00	2,318
Crude	503	00	508

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, Nov. 20, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
29,975	1,966	26,616	1,474	431

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19—Evening.—Money on call steady at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 1¾@2, closed offered 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was strong; actual business in bankers' bills at 485½@485¾ for demand; 482¾@482⅞ for sixty days. Posted rates 483½ and 486½. Commercial bills 482. Silver certificates at 58@59. Government bonds were firm; new fours, registered, 127¾; new fours, coupon, 127¾, fours, registered, 112⅞; fours, coupon, 113¾; twos, registered, 98½; fives, registered, 114½; fives, coupon, 114½. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 122½; North Carolina fours 103½.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 40@1 45. Spirits turpentine steady at 31½@32c

CHARLESTON, Nov. 19.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 29c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; quotations unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Nov 19.—Spirits turpentine firm at 30¼c; sales 1 670 casks, receipts 1,809 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales — barrels; receipts 2 858 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The cotton market opened steady at a loss of 2@5 points, but recovered all before noon. The early weakness was due to disappointing cables, but later cables gave some encouragement and port receipts ran below estimates. Shorts at present low prices naturally show hesitation to stand on their deals and there is a disposition to change front on anything like bull encouragement. Speculation, however, fails to broaden as expected. In the afternoon trading was more active. Weakness developed under local selling, with the market finally easy at a net loss of 4@7 points.

NEW YORK, November 19.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1897: Galveston, 902 508 bales; New Orleans, 782 909; Mobile, 120,783; Savannah, 571,486; Charleston, 258 592; Wilmington, 188 639, Boston, 37,915; Norfolk, 247,244; Newport News, 3,754; Baltimore, 13,237; Philadelphia, 22 135; New York, 25,051; Brunswick, 55,081; Pensacola, 85 805; Port Royal, 31,424. Total, 3,296,063.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Evening.—Cotton dull; middling 5⅝c.

Cotton futures market opened steady at the decline and closed easy; sales 114.-800 bales; January 5 70, February 5 75 March 5 80, April 5 85, May 5 90, June 5 94, July 5 99, August 6 02, September 6 01, October 6 00, November 5 65, December 5 65.

Spot cotton closed dull; middling uplands 5⅝c; middling gulf 6⅛c; sales 1,700 bales.

Cotton—net receipts —— bales; gross 3 627 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 1,843 bales; sales 1 700 bales; sales to spinners —— bales; stock (actual) 80 970 bales.

Weekly net receipts 4,099 bales; gross 35,790 bales; exports to Great Britain 9 118 bales; to France 870 bales; to the Continent 4 005 bales; forwarded 18 573 bales; sales 3,988 bales; sales to spinners 188 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 64,366 bales; exports to Great Britain 39,995 bales; to France 26,895 bales; to the Continent 7,648 bales; stock 871,717 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 398 985 bales; exports to Great Britain 148 051 bales; to France 70,542 bales; to the Continent 144,157 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 3,296,068 bales; exports to Great Britain 1 029,868 bales; exports to France 297,585 bales; exports to the Continent 805 848 bales.

Nov. 19.—Galveston, firm at 5⅝, net receipts 17,172 bales; Norfolk, firm at 5 7-16, net receipts 3,639 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 5⅝, net receipts 2,324 bales; Boston, steady at 5⅝, net receipts 1,437 bales; Wilmington, steady at 5¼, net receipts 4,576 bales; Philadelphia, no report, net receipts 294 bales; Savannah, steady at 5¼, net receipts 8 080 bales; New Orleans, steady at 5 5-16, net receipts 9 509 bales; Mobile, steady at 5 3 16, net receipts 1 146 bales; Memphis, steady at 5⅝c, net receipts 3,851 bales; Augusta, firm at 5 7-16, net receipts 2 087 bales; Charleston, steady at 5¼, net receipts 3,878 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19—Evening.—Flour was firm and fairly active at old prices. Wheat—spot firm; No. 2 red 99¼c; options opened firm on cables and bullish Russia crop reports and with few exceptions were higher all day, stimulated by higher late cables, covering and big clearances, closing unsettled at a shade from the top, but ⅝@⅞c above last night; No. 2 red November closed 97c; December closed 97¼c; May closed 93⅝c. Corn—spot steady; No. 2 34¼c; options opened steady and ruled fairly firm all day on light receipts, higher cables and the rise in wheat; closed practically at unchanged prices; May closed 35c; December closed 33⅝c. Oats—spot quiet; No. 2 26⅝c; options quiet and barely steady, closed ⅛c net lower; December closed 26c. Lard steady; Western steam $4 50. December closed $4 20; refined quiet. Butter steady; Western creamery 14@23c; do. factory 11½@14c; Elgins 23c; imitation creamery 12@17c; State dairy 12@20c; do. creamery 14@23c. Cheese dull; State, large white September 8½c; small white September 9¼c; light skims 5@7c; part skims 5¾@6¼c; full skims 3¼@4c. Pork was dull; short clears $10 00@12 00. Petroleum quiet; United closed 67c bid. Cotton seed oil steady; prime crude 18c; do. yellow 21@21¼c. Rice steady. Molasses quiet. Coffee—spot Rio weak and nominal; No. 7 invoice 6⅝c; mild weak; Cordova 8¼@14c. Sugar—raw firm; fair refining 3 5-16; refined firm.

CHICAGO, November 19—There was enough bullish news in wheat to day to have advanced the price 3 cents per bushel, but the close showed gains of only ⅜c for December and ⅝ to ¾c for May. Top prices were made on the announcement of French purchases of 1-500,000 bushels of wheat off the coast of London. Corn was slow, closing ¼c lower for December, but unchanged for May. There was an irregular market in oats, December declining ⅝c and May was unchanged. Provisions declined about 2½c.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Cash quotations: Flour—the market was steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring 88¼@89⅜c; No 3 spring 88@92⅝c; No 2 red 93⅝@98⅜c. Corn—No. 2, 26⅝@27c. Oats—No. 2 f. o. b. 22@22¼c; No. 2 white 24¼@23¼c; No 3 white f. o. b. 23½@24¼c. Mess pork, per barrel $7 35@7 40. Lard, per 100 lbs $4 20@4 22½. Short rib sides, loose $4 30@4 80. Dry salted shoulders, boxed $4 75@5 00. Short clear sides, boxed $4 50@4 62½. Whiskey $1 18.

The leading futures ranged as follows: opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—November 95 December 95¾ 96, May 90¾, 91⅝, 90⅝, 90⅞c. Corn—November 26⅛, 26⅝, 26⅛, 26⅜c; December 26⅛, 26⅝, 26⅛, 26⅝c; May 29⅝, 30¼, 29⅝, 29⅝c. Oats—December 22¼, 22⅜, 21⅞, 21⅞; May 22⅜, 22⅝, 22¼, 22¼c. Mess pork—December $7 27½, 7 37½, 7 27½, 7 32½; January $8 30, 8 32½, 8 25, 8 27½. Lard—December $4 17½, 4 17½, 4 15, 4 15 January $4 30, 4 30 4 27½, 4 30 Short ribs—December $4 22½, —, —, 4 22½; January $4 25, 4 27½, 4 25, 4 25.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 19—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat firmer; spot and month 97¼@97⅜c; December 97⅜@97⅝c May 94¼c bid; steamer No. 2 red 93⅜@93⅝c Southern wheat by sample 93@98c; do on grade 93@98c. Corn firm; spot, month and December 33@33¼c; November or December, new or old, 33⅜@33c; January 33@33c; steamer mixed 31@31½c. Southern white corn 31@35c; do. yellow 31@32c. Oats firmer: No. 2 white 28⅝@29c; No. 2 mixed 25½@26c.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 19.—4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot, good business done and prices higher. American middling fair 3⅝d; good middling 3⅜d; American middling 3 9 32d; low middling 3 5 32d; good ordinary 3 1-32d; ordinary 2 27-32d. Sales of the day were 12,000 bales, of which 1,500 were for speculation and export, and included 11,500 American. Receipts 31 000 bales, of which 25,700 were American. Futures opened quiet with a moderate demand and closed steady. American middling (l m c): November 3 13-64@3 14-64d buyer; November and December 3 11-64@3 12 64d seller; December and January 3 11 64d value; January and February 3 11-64d seller; February and March 3 11-64@3 12-64d seller; March and April 3 12 64d buyer; April and May 3 13 64@3 14 64d seller; May and June 3 14 64@3 15 64d buyer; June and July 3 15 64@3 16 64d buyer; July and August 3 16 64@3 17 64d buyer; August and September 3 17 64@3 18 64d seller.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamer E A Hawes, Williams, Fayetteville, Jas Madden.

Steamer Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

CLEARED.

Steamer E A Hawes, Williams, Fayetteville, Jas Madden.

Steamer Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 20, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

Susie P Oliver 237 tons, Winslow, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

James Rothwell, 473 tons, Fisher, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Chas C Lister, 267 tons, Robinson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Morancy, 160 tons, Torrey, Jas T Riley & Co.

John C Cottingham 226 tons, Thomas, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Friedrick (Swed), 665 tons, Tybee, Peterson, Downing & Co.

Vineta (Nor), 639 tons, Pedersen, E Peschau & Co.

River Thames (Nor) 454 tons, Andersen, Heide & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Ormsby (Br), 1 828 tons, Robinson, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Vera (Br), 2 854 tons, Nicholson, J H Sloan.

Kirkby (Br), 1,976 tons, Spence, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Rockabill (Br), 1,611 tons, Ransom, J H Sloan.

Oceanic (Br), 1,863 tons, Marshal, Heide & Co.

Prempert's Barber Shop,

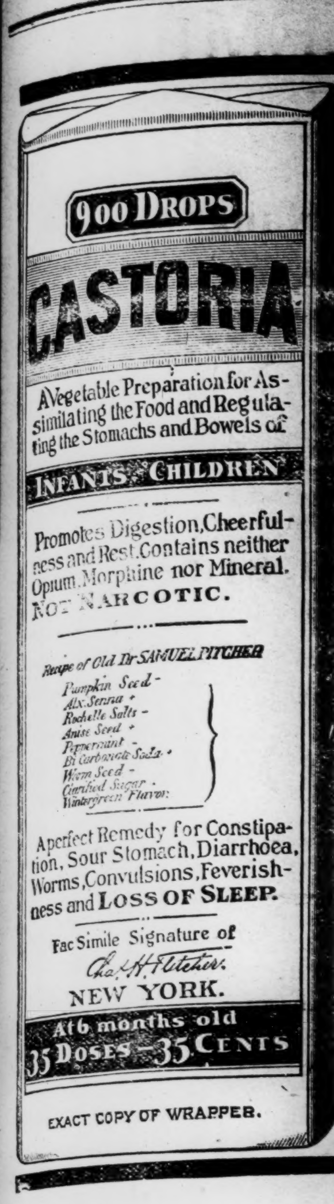
No. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call. Respectfully, ARTHUR PREMPERT

je 30 tf

SANTAL-MIDY

Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 Hours. It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY Capsules, which bears the name in black letters, without which none are genuine.


900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature

—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher.

ON THE

WRAPPER

OF EVERY

BOTTLE

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The Woman's Way.

"Now you have done it," scornfully declared a Detroit mother with half a dozen eligible daughters, after she and her husband had retired the other night. "That's the man of it. Perhaps if you had a few more girls and lived right with them all the time you might learn something about their dispositions and show some little glimmer of sense in dealing with them."

"What's the matter with you anyhow, mamma?"

"Matter enough, I should think. Here I've been praising that young Comeback to Bettie day in and day out. I've lauded him to the skies, made all kinds of preposterous claims in his favor and given her a surfeit. She was sick and tired of hearing me sing his praises, so she is getting sick and tired of him."

"Glad of it. I told her tonight that he looked like an idiot and came mighty near being one."

"Of course you did, and that's where you were idiotic. Didn't she fly right up in his defense? Didn't she say he knew more than some men who had lived a good deal longer, and that he at least made an effort to make himself agreeable? Can't you understand that all the time a girl is defending a young man she is falling in love with him? That's a woman's nature. You've simply undone all I've been doing, and I don't thank your for it."

"Well, I can't be a hypocrite. I don't like the fellow."

"Then keep still or talk about something else unless you want them to marry even if they have to elope. If you want that, keep right on jawing and nagging at Bettie."

"Then count me clear out of it. Good-night."—Detroit Free Press.

Liverpool and American

SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

In quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.
au 10 D&W tf

NATIONAL RICE MILLING CO.

WE ARE PREPARED TO

Purchase Rice

AND CAN OFFER THE

HIGHEST CASH PRICE

AT OUR MILLS IN

Wilmington or Washington, N. C.
oc 7 3m

Your Friend the....

Kenwood Bicycle

A Wheel You Can Depend Upon.

For Lightness, Swiftness and Strength it is Unsurpassed.

You can learn all about it by addressing

Hamilton Kenwood Cycle Co.
203-205-207 S. Canal St., Chicago.

sep 11 tf

FASHIONS CHANGE

BUT

POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

THE POSTER GIRL.

She is quite the very newest, the most recent, up to date,
The Aubrey Beardsley maiden, slim and shy,
With her hair blue china fashion, like a lady on a plate,
And a hint of indigestion in her eye.
Her gown of cut æsthetic, and her arm a trifle lean,
Shoulders sloping from a figure rather tall,
You can tell her in a minute when she comes upon the scene
And poses like a poster on the wall.

For she always takes a corner, with a cushion and a palm,
A shaded light or tapers burning low.
Her voice is low and pensive and her manner sweetly calm.
All the eligible men she seems to know.
She talks of "art" and "literature" and "musical affairs"
Or poses with her lips above a rose,
And even when she's flirting with a fellow on the stairs
She never seems to lose the poster pose.

She's a yellow book creation, with an odor of Broadway,
A Gibson girl adorned in newer form,
And while you dream of her by night and think of her all day
Your foolish heart she'll carry off by storm.
But, like every other woman, as perhaps you may have guessed,
She is human when her hair gets out of curl,
And when you're making love to her she's just like all the rest,
A simple little humbug poster girl.

—New York Herald.

Why We Are Right Handed.

Primitive man, being naturally an aggressive animal, defended himself against wild beasts with his fists and nails. He fought for his food and his womankind, which his enemies were always trying to take from him. The first movement on being attacked is to endeavor to protect the most exposed and vulnerable part of the body. For the boxer and the fighter the heart is undoubtedly the most vulnerable place. A hard blow in that region may easily kill a man, and consequently primitive man used the right hand to fight with and the left to protect the heart and to ward off the blows directed to that region. When, therefore, arms of offense and defense were introduced and replaced teeth and fists, it was the right hand that wielded the sword and lance, while the left held the shield and buckler before the region of the heart.

The enormous difference between the use of the right and the left hand in our present civilization has this very simple origin. In the first place, the superiority of the right over the left hand was only brought into evidence during a combat, but it soon spread and became universal. Since the introduction of lethal weapons the right hand became naturally accustomed to the manipulation of the lance, the sword and the knife, and the nerves of the right side soon became more flexible and more under the control of the will than the muscles of the left side.—New York Ledger.

An Interrupted Journey.

He entered a Myrtle street car—an agreeable fellow whose face is a perpetual indication of good nature stored within—and sat down beside a little girl whose mother was on the other side of her. Possibly he might not have fallen into trouble had he let the child alone, but his congeniality got the better of him, and he said:

"So you are going down town, are you?"

The child moved closer to her mother and made no reply.

"I wish I had such a nice little girl as you are," was his next smiling remark.

"Mamma," whispered the child, "is this a bad man over here?"

"Hush, Nellie!" replied the mother in an undertone.

"But I'm afraid he's a bad man, mamma."

"No. Keep quiet."

"But you said bad men talked to strange ladies on the cars, and I thought he was one. I wish you'd move that way."

But it wasn't necessary. The good natured man lost his smile, and suddenly remembering that he had an errand in the vicinity the car was then traversing he bounded up and out like a flash, a victim to his own desire to be friendly.—Detroit Free Press.

Courtesy.

A notable decrease is to be observed in the courtesy of Americans toward one another during the last two decades, according to an observer of experience. Twenty years ago men of the best class rarely met one another out of doors without raising their hats from their heads. It was a piece of politeness that was accorded not only by the younger to the elder men, but even by young clubmen to those of their own age and standing. Yet today, he says, the merest nod is considered a sufficient greeting, while a full fledged bow from one man to another would be looked upon in the light of a ridiculous exaggeration. This may be true enough, but one cannot follow him in his statement that "in this country, as in England, it is by no means uncommon to hear men of birth and breeding giving one another the lie; if not in so many words, at any rate by means of a point blank denial of a statement made. Yet it is thought quite natural and unworthy of being resented."—San Francisco Argonaut.

The distance between Cape Town, South Africa, and Washington is 6,684 miles.

THE KING WILTED.

A Game That Was Too Hot Even For the Doughty Kalakaua.

King Kalakaua was a lover of the fascinating game of drawpoker and is said to have been an adept and quite proud of his knowledge of the game. This story is related by a man who has spent much of his life in the Hawaiian islands and who was quite intimate with the king.

There was a wealthy ranchman of Nevada who once came to Honolulu to look after some business he had acquired in the islands and, being fond of poker, soon made a wide acquaintance with the Americans and Englishmen in the city who indulged in the game. After each night's play, when reminiscences of the game were in order, some one would invariably tell a story of the king—either about his style of play or the large amounts of his winnings and losses. The ranchman always listened with interest to these stories, and finally expressed a desire to mingle with the monarch and his cabinet in a friendly set to. The only objection offered was that several members of the cabinet could speak no English, and consequently the ranchman, who had no knowledge of the native tongue, would be placed at a disadvantage.

This objection seemed insurmountable until a young American, who understood both languages perfectly, said that he would undertake to teach the ranchman a few poker terms in the native language, such as, "I see you," "I raise you" and "That's good," and the numerals, so that he could designate the proper amount of his bet. The ranchman was an apt pupil, and in a few days his teacher pronounced him fit for battle. As luck would have it, the king had just mortgaged the tax receipts, paid off the cabinet, and all were anxious for a game.

The ranchman was presented in due form and politely asked by the king to sit in a little table stake game which was just starting. The game progressed very smoothly for an hour or two, but the bets were growing larger every hand, and all knew that some one would suffer before the game had ended.

The king and the ranchman had been bucking against each other all through the game, and it was a toss up between them as to who was the more skillful player. Finally, at the king's suggestion, a jack pot was made for $100. It passed several times, and with the seven in the game, sweetening it at every clip, I tell you it was about the prettiest pot I ever saw. The king finally caught openers and broke it for $100. All hands staid around to the ranchman, and he made it $500 to draw cards. The king promptly made it $1,000 better when it reached him, and the rest of the players dropped out. The ranchman raised the king back $1,000, and the king came back at him for the same amount. Each drew two cards. I saw that the king had drawn another ace, making four aces for him, and the ranchman had filled up three kings with a pair of queens. The king said he would bet $1,000, the ranchman raised him $5,000, and the king raised back for the same amount. The ranchman then pushed a blank check into the pot and said something that sounded like this:

"Ump thra a gug-u-luck i a!"

The king looked at him closely for a moment and then laid down his four aces and left the table, and this broke up the game. I was astonished at his action, and, finding his majesty in an anteroom trying to drown out the memory of his losses, I asked:

"Your majesty, what made you lay down those four aces?"

"Didn't you hear what the man said?" he sorrowfully inquired.

"No," said I. "What did he say?"

"Why, when he pushed that blank check into the pot he said, 'I'll raise you $11,000,000.'"

In the excitement of the play the ranchman had got his numerals mixed and had almost prostrated the king with the size of the bet.—Washington Post.

President Hayes' Little Book.

Ex-Secretary of the Treasury Charles Foster was talking to me one day about Rutherford B. Hayes. Foster represented Hayes' district in congress when Hayes was president. They were political and personal friends of almost a lifetime standing. Said Foster to me:

"I got plenty of patronage under Hayes, to be sure, but for a long time I never landed the men in whom I was most particular and earnestly interested. I would go to the president and lay the claims of my man before him. He would usually acquiesce in everything that I said, because in most cases he knew the applicants as well as I did. Well, in every instance where some devoted friend was concerned the president would say, 'Oh, well, Charlie, we will fix that in a day or so!' Then he would reach down in a drawer, pull out a small book and a short stub of a pencil and make a note of the man and his wants. I would then for days to come scan with much interest the list of appointments sent to the senate, but none that had found a place in the president's notebook was to be seen among them. Still, I didn't complain much, for I knew that Hayes was doing the best he could. Time went on, and finally I called at the White House to insist that a certain friend of mine who was then in Washington be instantly appointed as a consular agent abroad. This gentleman had political claims on me and also on the president. I stated my case as briefly as possible to the president, who listened attentively. When I had finished, the president said:

"'Why, certainly, Charlie. Yes, yes; to be sure.' And then he dived for that book of his.

"Just as he was opening its leaves I grabbed his arm and said: 'Hold on there, general. I'll be switched if that man's name goes in that jackass book!' The president saw the humor of it, and I got my constituent appointed then and there."—Chicago Times-Herald.

GRANT AS A PEACEMAKER.

Settled With Infinite Tact Feuds Which Arose Among His Officers.

After the capture of Vicksburg Logan chose a prominent and beautiful residence for his headquarters, and General McPherson chose the same, and a quarrel threatened to involve divisions and corps and gave the superior officers great concern, according to the Chicago Inter Ocean. Both McPherson and Logan carried the case to General Grant. He heard the schemes of each, and his staff officers looked with dismay at his quiet, bashful way of listening.

After hearing both sides General Grant turned to Logan with a smile and said he was sorry that the general had placed his heart on any headquarters in Vicksburg, because he had just written an order sending the whole division on a special expedition to look after the retreating rebels. Logan glowered until Grant, turning to McPherson, said: "I am sorry to disarrange your plans, general, but I have just written an order sending your division on an important expedition. I appreciate the feelings of the men who would like to march through Vicksburg, but it will be impossible. Duty comes first." General Logan's face cleared and McPherson smiled. Each went to his command and there was no further trouble. They possibly suspected that Grant had invented the expeditions to get rid of the quarrel, but they recognized the fine strategy of his maneuver, the fairness of his decision.

His Trouble.

Mr. Spoonamore for some time had had a sore feeling in the upper part of his throat.

He went to an eminent specialist and stated his case.

The eminent specialist examined his throat by means of a costly electric apparatus and told Mr. Spoonamore he had organic throat trouble, complicated by symptoms of tonsilitis.

He wrote a prescription and handed it to him.

The bill was $25.

Mr. Spoonamore paid it and went to a drug store to have the prescription filled.

This cost him $5 more.

On his way home he passed a dentist's office.

Obeying a hasty impulse, he went in.

"I wish you would see if there is anything the matter with my mouth," he said to the dentist.

The dentist made an examination.

"You have a bad wisdom tooth," he said.

"Pull it out."

It was pulled out.

The expense was 50 cents.

When Mr. Spoonamore got home, he found that his throat trouble was entirely gone.

But he still has his $30 bottle of medicine, which may come handy if he ever really has organic throat trouble complicated with symptoms of tonsilitis.—Chicago Tribune.

His Way of Telling a Horse's Age.

A well known Portland man, who is the owner of a fine young horse, has a pet hobby, and that is telling a horse's age with the aid of a long hair from the animal's tail, a gold ring and a glass of water.

His idea is to take the ring, place it in the center of the hair, and, holding both ends, put the ring in a glass. He claims that the ring thus suspended will strike against the glass, giving the correct age of the horse. To prove this assertion he invited a veterinary surgeon and several friends one day the past week to see the trick done. The doctor was to examine the horse and tell if the test was correct.

The young man pulled a long hair from the animal's tail, put it through a ring and gave it to a friend to hold in the glass of water. At first it did not seem to work, and there was a look of anxiety on the young man's face, but in a few seconds there was a click, and the ring began to strike against the glass so fast that it was hard to keep count. The man who was holding the hair asserted that the ring tapped 35 times, the correct age of the horse, but the doctor claimed that there must be some mistake, either in the test or the horse, for the animal had every appearance of being only a few years old, and a good horse at that.—Kennebec Journal.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidney, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female it relieves retention of water and pain. In passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner of Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind." †

Health and Recreation

—AT THE—

Summer Homes and Resorts Along the Seaboard Air Line.

FINEST

Lithia Springs in the World.

Excursion Tickets.

TO LITTLETON, N. C.

Panacea Springs. The analysis of the Panacea Water proves it to be a sure cure for dyspepsia, chronic diarrhœa, kidney and liver troubles, eczema and scrofula, and it is particularly efficacious in restoring weak men, delicate females and sickly children to health.

TO LINCOLNTON, N. C.

Mineral Springs, Lithia Arsenic and Alum. The waters of the famous Lincoln Lithia Springs, are celebrated throughout the United States for their healing qualities in diseases of the kidney and bladder; also for gout, rheumatism, and the varied forms of dyspepsia.

TO SHELBY, N. C.

The famous Sulphur Springs at Cleveland and Patterson, two and four miles respectively from town. The Cleveland Springs are four in number, viz: White Sulphur, Red Sulphur, Chalybeate and Pure Freestone. For half a century or more these springs have been known to possess rare medicinal virtue, but it is only during the last few years that an effort has been made to bring them before the public and place them where they now stand, in the front rank of well earned popularity.

TO HARRIS LITHIA SPRINGS, S. C.

The Lithia Water at these Springs is noted for its curative qualities for torpid liver, skin eruption, scrofulous diseases, kidney and bladder troubles of every kind, rheumatism and gout. The atmosphere all through the summer is delightful, and the most fastidious can hardly fail to be satisfied with the even balmy climate. Large pools have been provided for bathing, together with dancing pavilion, tennis court, bowling alleys, croquet grounds, etc., for the amusement of the pleasure-seeker and invalid.

For full information in regard to Rates, Schedules, etc., call on nearest S. A. L. Ticket Agent.

T. J. ANDERSON
Gen'l Passenger Agent,
jy 15 tf Portsmouth, Va.

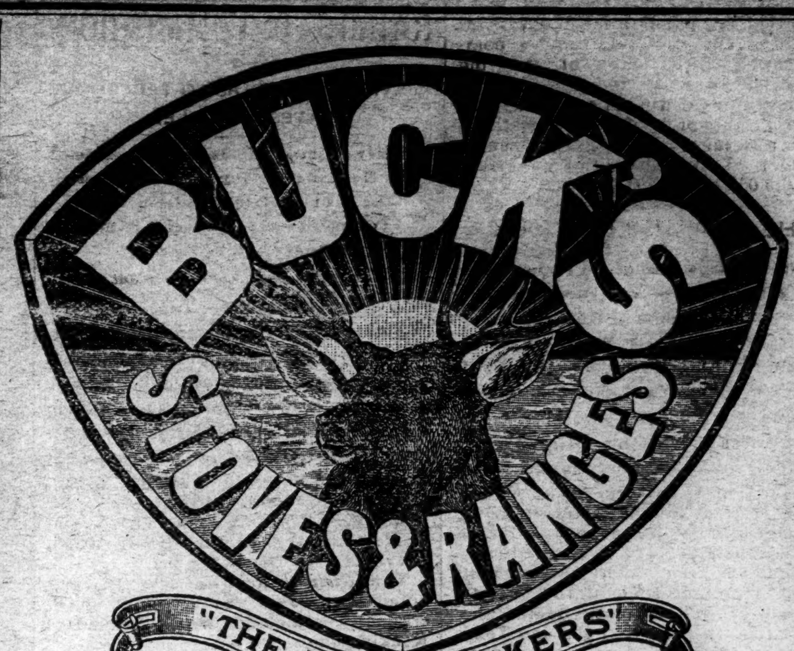
BIG G Trade Mark
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.
THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
Price $1.00

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

jan 21



When you wish to talk Stoves and Ranges just bear in mind Buck goods are the finest and best made in America. This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other Stoves from the cheapest up.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Gen'l Agents,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. sep 9 tf

The Morning Star.

Oldest Daily Newspaper In North Carolina.

CHEAPEST DAILY OF ITS CLASS.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING

Reduced Rates of Subscription:

ONE YEAR, BY MAIL	$5 00
SIX MONTHS, BY MAIL	2 50
THREE MONTHS, BY MAIL	1 25
TWO MONTHS, BY MAIL	1 00
ONE MONTH, BY MAIL	50

☞ Delivered, by carriers, to City Subscribers at 45 cents per month.

Address

Wm. H. Bernard,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR, WILMINGTON, N. C.

STATEMENT OF ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the close of Business Oct. 5th, 1897, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.		
Loans		$602,344 70	Capital		$125,000 00
Overdrafts		30 95	Surplus	$55,000 00	
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)		55,000 00	Undivided profits	14,106 70—	69,106 70
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00	Circulation		49,500 00
Due from other Banks	207,586 92		Total Deposits		688,098 07
Cash on hand	56,743 20—	264,329 12			
Total		$931,704 77	Total		$931,7 04

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Oct. 5th, '95.	Oct. 5th, '96.	Oct. 5th, '97
Deposits	575,000	$646,000	$688,000
Surplus and Net Profits	50,100	52,800	69,100
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.
Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. oc 10 tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO MAKE

YOUR DEPOSITS IN

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

Deposits made on or before Monday, November 1st., begin to bear interest on that day at rate of 4 per cent. per annum. oc 30 tf

---

JOB PRINTING.

BOOK BINDING AND RULING.

The Star Job Printing Office, Book Bindery and Ruling Rooms Are Complete in Their Appointments.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY AND CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD,
Proprietor, Wilmington, N. C.

MAXTON BUILDING —AND— LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
J. B. Sellers, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
R. W. Livermore, Pates.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
je 1m

"THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD

OR OUR SAVIOUR IN ART"

Cost over $100,000 to publish. Contains nearly 200 full-page engravings of our Saviour, by the great masters. Every picture is reproduced from some famous painting. Agents are taking from three to twenty orders per day. The book is so beautiful that when people see it they want it. "FIRST GLANCE AT THE PICTURES BROUGHT TEARS TO MY EYES," says one. "Cleared $150 first week's work with the book," says another. "Some high grade man or woman of good church standing should secure the agency here at once," says every editor, "as $500 can soon be made taking orders for it." Also a man or woman of good social position can secure position of Manager of this territory, to devote all their time to employing and drilling agents and corresponding with them. Address for full particulars A. P. T. ELDER, Publisher 278 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. au 4 tf

---

1897 THE 1897

MORNING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT JOURNAL.

THE CHAMPION OF RIGHT!

All the News From All Points.

THE BEST ONE-CENT DAILY.

12 PAGES.

For Mail Subscription.

ONE WEEK	10c
ONE MONTH	30c
SIX MONTHS	$1.50
ONE YEAR	$3.00

THE

SUNDAY HERALD

Baltimore's Favorite Newspaper and Model Home Journal.

36 PAGES.

LEADS IN CIRCULATION.
LEADS IN MERIT.
LEADS IN POPULARITY.

Single Copy, 3 Cents.

For Mail Subscriptions.

ONE MONTH	15c
SIX MONTHS	75c
ONE YEAR	$1.00

THE

WEEKLY HERALD

50c. for 12 Months.

TWELVE PAGES—Giving complete accounts of all events of interest throughout the world. Its Market Reports are accurate, complete and valuable.

A welcome visitor to all homes. Specimen copies mailed to any address.

Send in $2 and the names of five yearly subscribers.

Address all communications to

THE HERALD PUBLISHING CO.,
Fayette and St. Paul streets,
nov 3 BALTIMORE, MD.

Cowan's News Depot,

NO. 17 PRINCESS STREET, TWO DOORS west of the National Bank of Wilmington. New York and other leading Daily Papers, latest Magazines, Periodicals and other publications always on hand. Give us your orders. For finest nickel and dime Cigars in town, call at the Depot. au 22 tf

---

SEABOARD S.A.L. AIR LINE

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

NORTH, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

Schedule in Effect May 30, 1897.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3 20 p m, arrives Lumberton 5 26 p m, Pembroke 5 46 p m, Maxton 6 12 p m, Laurinburg 6 28 p m, Hamlet 6 58 p m. Connects at Hamlet with train 41 for Charlotte and Atlanta, and with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9 20 a m, arrives Weldon 11 41 a m, Raleigh 3 30 p m, Sanford 5 03 p m, Hamlet 6 53 p m, Rockingham 7 39 p m, Wadesboro 8 11 p m, Monroe 9 12 p m, Charlotte 10 25 p m, Athens 3 45 a m and Atlanta 6 20 a m. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4 10 p m, Richmond 8 56 p m, Portsmouth 8 45 p m. Arrives Weldon 11 10 p m, Raleigh 2 07 a m, Sanford 3 35 a m, Hamlet 5 10 a m, Rockingham 5 28 a m, Wadesboro 5 54 a m, Monroe 6 43 a m, Charlotte 7 50 a m, Lincolnton 10 20 a m, Shelby 11 [illegible] a m, Rutherfordton 12 30 noon, Athens 1 15 p m, Atlanta 3 50 p m. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman Sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8 20 a m, Arrives Laurinburg 8 46 a m, Maxton 9 05 a m, Pembroke 9 31 a m, Lumberton 9 53 a m, Wilmington 12 05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 1 00 p m. Arrives Athens 3 16 p m, Monroe 9 30 p m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4 35 p m. Arrives Shelby 5 55 p m, Lincolnton 6 56 p m, Charlotte 8 18 p m, Monroe 9 10 p m, Wadesboro 10 31 p m, Rockingham 11 05 p m, Hamlet 11 20 p m, Sanford 1 02 a m, Raleigh 2 16 a m, Weldon 4 55 a m, Portsmouth 7 25 a m, Richmond 8 18 a m, Washington 12 31 noon. Pullman sleepers, Atlanta to Washington, and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7 15 p m; arrives Gibson 8 10 p m. Returning, leaves Gibson 7 00 a m; arrives Hamlet 7 50 a m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8 40 a m; arrives Cheraw 10 00 a m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5 00 p m; arrives Hamlet 6 20 p m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to
THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N C
E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen Supt.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.
sep 22 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, Receiver

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect October 10th, 1897.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2. DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 00 a m
Arrive Fayetteville	11 10 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 21 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 28 "
Leave Sanford	12 50 p m
Leave Climax	2 49 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 20 "
Leave Greensboro	3 30 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 18 "
Leave Walnut Cove	4 49 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 19 "
Arrive Mt Airy	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1. DAILY.
Leave Mt Airy	8 40 a m
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	2 15 p m
Leave Climax	12 43 "
Leave Sanford	2 35 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 56 "
Arrive Fayetteville	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 a m
Arrive Maxton	9 02 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 45 p m
Leave Hope Mills	5 02 "
Leave Red Springs	5 42 "
Arrive Maxton	6 11 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 a m
Leave Climax	8 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 35 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro	3 22 "
Leave Climax	4 20 "
Arrive Ramseur	6 05 "

LOCAL FREIGHT TRAIN No. 8.

Leave Wilmington 3 55 p m.
Arrive Fayetteville 1 25 p. m. Passenger coach attached to this train.

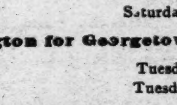
CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with Carolina Central Railroad at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with Norfolk & Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
oc 5 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

CROATAN, Saturday, Nov. 13
ONEIDA, Saturday, Nov. 20

Wilmington for New York.

G. W. CLYDE, Friday, Nov. 12
ONEIDA, Saturday, Nov. 13
CROATAN, Saturday, Nov. 20

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA, Tuesday, Nov. 9
CROATAN, Tuesday, Nov. 16

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. no 9 tf

---

Livery and Sales Stables

Open All Day and All Night
Every day in the year.

First-Class Equipment
IN EVERY BRANCH.

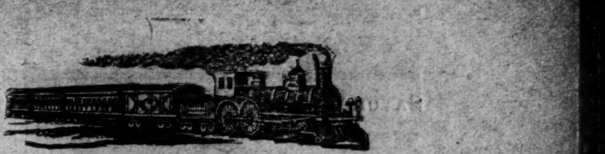
Hacks and Baggage Line to and From All Trains.

Horses Boarded.

Furniture Wagons with careful drivers.

S. P. COWAN & CO.,
Second between Princess and Chestnut Street.
Telephones, both Companies, No. 15
oc 23 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 22, 1897.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.59 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 11.58 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.58 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.58 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.20 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 00 p m — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 58 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.43 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.20 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 8.20 a m. St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12 40 p m — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.35 p m, Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8 20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18 a m, Weldon 11 33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 3 30 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 5 10 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 42 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.08 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.05 a m. arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m. arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 28 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 2 25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m, Hartsville 9 35 p m, Bennettsville 9 36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 30 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 29 p m, arrive Florence 7 00 a m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.06 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 3.00 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m, 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10 00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 40 a m, Creston 5 32 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 55 p m, Creston 5 47 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

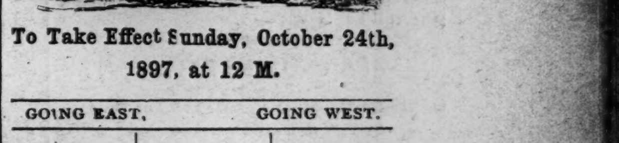
Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m, Returning leave Lucknow 6 05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliot 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent,
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. au 1 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, October 24th, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
2 Passenger Trains		STATIONS	4 Passenger Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 12	Kinston	10 12	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 37	......	Morehead City	......	7 47
P M	P M		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.
oc 24 tf

J. L. HILL

Printing Company's

Directory of Wilmington, 1897.

Containing a general business and street directory.

Price $3.00.

For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY
Owner and Publishers,
my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, Nov. 20, 1897

THE COTTON MOVEMENT.

World's Visible Supply—Crop in Sight—Port Receipts, Stocks, Etc.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 19.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows an increase during the week of 217,785 bales, against an increase of 193,754 bales during the same time last year. The total visible supply is 3,211,866 against 2,993,581 bales last week and 3,557,841 last year. Of the former amount 3,005,346 is American cotton.

The New Orleans Cotton Exchange statement issued to day shows an increase in the movement into sight compared with the same week last year in round figures of 149,000. For the nineteen days of November the total shows an increase over last year of 475,000 bales. For the eighty days of the season that have elapsed, the aggregate is in excess of the eighty days of last year, 268,000 bales. The movement since September first shows receipts at all United States ports 3,804,450, against 3,189,019 last year; overland to Northern mills and Canada 388,563, against 329,286 last year. Interior stocks in excess of those held at the end of the commercial year 441,252, against 359,593 last year. Southern mill takings (exclusive of amount consumed at Southern outports) 284,409, against 272,909 last year. Foreign exports for the week have been 353,320, against 239,019 last year; making the total thus far for the season 2,142,686, against 1,988,873 last year, an increase of 153,813. Northern mill takings for the week show an increase of 55,263 over last year. The total takings of American mills (North and South) and Canada for the season have been 1,002,935, against 902,041 last year. These include 713,897 by Northern spinners, against 625,117 last year. Stocks at the seaboard and twenty-nine leading Southern interior centres are now 208,825 less than at this period last year.

STATE INCOME TAX LAW

Held to Be Unconstitutional and Void as Concerns Officers or Agents of the U. S. Government.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 19.—The issue as to whether a State or municipality can levy an income tax on the salary or compensation of a postmaster, a subject of broad interest to the Federal service generally, was decided today in an opinion rendered by Acting Assistant Attorney General Harrison J. Barrett, for the Postoffice Department. The case arose on an inquiry from the postmaster at Gastonia, N. C. It is held that a State has no authority to tax the emoluments paid to any officer or agent which the United States may use and employ as necessary and proper means to execute its sovereign power.

Mr. Barrett said: "The Government of the United States is supreme within its sphere of action and any act of a State or municipality which attempts to tax the emoluments paid to the Government is unconstitutional and void. If the power existed in a State to tax the officers or agents of the Government, it could thereby impair the power of the United States in the execution of its sovereignty. The postmaster at Gastonia, therefore, cannot be required to pay a tax upon the income of his office, either to the State of North Carolina or to the municipality of Gastonia.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

Stockholders' Meeting—Old Officers of the Company Re-elected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, November 19.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Northeastern Railroad Company was held here to-day. The board of directors including B. F. Newcomer, H. B. Plant, H. Walters, C. O. Witte, Michael Jenkins and W. G. Elliott, were re-elected. C. S. Gadsden was re-elected president and all minor officials were retained in their respective offices. The annual report was most satisfactory. The gross receipts for the year were $582,528 89 and the operating expenses $348,765 08. After paying dividends and all other expenses, the balance at credit to profit and loss June 30th was $197,728 33.

TORPEDO BOAT FLOTILLA.

Left Charleston for Savannah Via Port Royal.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S C., November 19.—The torpedo boats Dupont, Ericsson, Cushing and Porter that have been in this harbor for two weeks, sailed from here for Port Royal to-day. The Porter and the Dupont went outside while the Ericsson and Cushing took the inland passage. The flotilla will spend several days in Port Royal harbor and will then proceed to Savannah.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

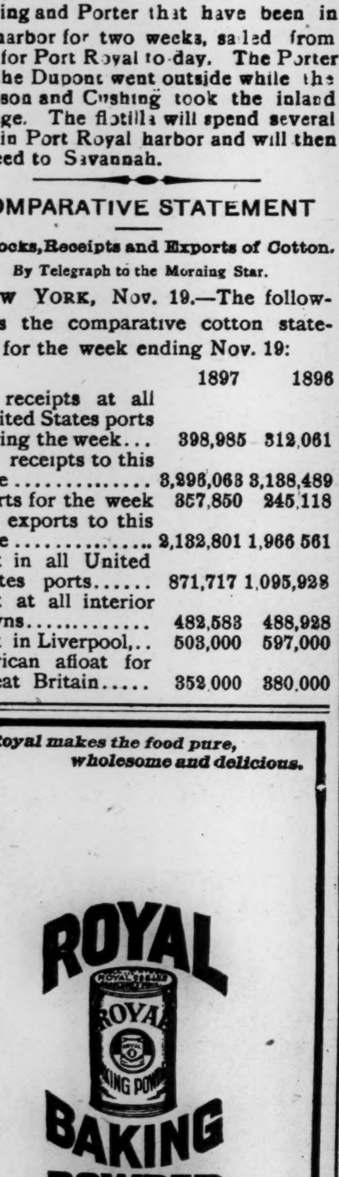
Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending Nov. 19:

	1897	1896
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	398,985	312,061
Total receipts to this date........	3,296,063	3,138,489
Exports for the week	357,850	245,118
Total exports to this date..............	2,182,801	1,966,561
Stock in all United States ports......	871,717	1,095,928
Stock at all interior towns............	482,583	488,928
Stock in Liverpool,..	503,000	597,000
American afloat for Great Britain.....	352,000	380,000

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

GREAT FIRE IN LONDON.

ONE OF THE MOST DISASTROUS IN THE HISTORY OF THE CITY.

A Large District Ravaged by the Flames—Over a Hundred Warehouses With Valuable Merchandise Destroyed—Loss Will Probably Exceed Five Million Pounds Sterling.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—One of the most disastrous fires in London's history since the great fire of 1866 broke out in a large block of buildings lying eastward of Aldersgate street and between that thoroughfare and Red Cross street, just after 1 o'clock this afternoon. The flames were fanned by a strong wind and were fed by highly inflammable stocks of Christmas fancy goods and flimsy dress materials of all descriptions that filled every floor of the six-story building in the old street. Consequently the conflagration gained headway with surprising rapidity, and was soon far beyond the possibility of being checked by the few engines which were early on the spot. For four hours and a half the flames had their own way and it was only after more than a hundred engines had worked an hour that the chief of the fire brigades received the signal that the fire was under control.

At 11 o'clock to-night the fire is still the scene of great excitement. Fifty engines are playing upon the ruins, wagons are hurrying up coal, and tons of water are pouring into the fiery debris.

The scene must occupy the fire brigade for several days, especially in view of the grave danger of the collapse of shells of buildings which fall now and again with a loud report.

The latest accounts indicate that nearly a hundred warehouses have been destroyed, while the loss will probably exceed 3,000,000 pounds sterling. The historic church of St. Giles has been badly damaged, the principal damage being to the roof, the old windows, the baptismal fount and Milton's statue.

Hamlen street was the scene of the outbreak of the fire which was started by an explosion in connection with a gas engine on the premises of Walter Brown & Co., mantel manufacturers, at No. 80 on that thoroughfare. Their third factory was crowded with girls when the fire broke out. The frightened operatives rushed to the roof of the building and thence crossing to other buildings effected their escape while the flames were pouring out of the basement. In less than a quarter of an hour the flames had enveloped the adjoining warehouse, and thence they leaped across the street to an enormous paper warehouse which was fully alight in less than ten minutes. By this time it was evident to the firemen that they were face to face with a great disaster and a general alarm was sent out.

Policemen also gathered about the neighborhood in great numbers. This display of strength on the part of the police was required, as the crowd, swelling in size every moment, soon amounted to tens of thousands of people and the firemen required every possible freedom of action, as their fight was one of the greatest difficulty, owing to the narrowness of the old crooked streets which are the feature of that part of London, combined with the height of the warehouses, which cut off the firemen from all fair chance of confining the outbreak.

The excitement among the on-lookers, who crowded every possible point of view, was very great, as may be judged from the fact that firemen had to be repeatedly rescued by their comrades, by the aid of the fire-escapes, from buildings which had caught fire after the firemen had mounted to the roofs to fight the flames in adjoining buildings.

The rescue of operatives by the firemen, the hurrying of hosts of clerks who were trying to save books and valuable papers from the fire, and the rushing here and there of many employes who were attempting to carry to places of safety costly merchandise or other valuables, added to the confusion. Then again the heat was so intense that several firemen were obliged to direct their operations under showers of water poured upon them. But in spite of the exertions of the firemen, the fire crept on very steadily until Nicholl square, which is situated at the far end of Hamsell street, was reached.

At a little after 2 o'clock a dozen hose-pipes, each with a twelve foot spread, poured water into the blaze from an opposite roof, from the street below and from the burning premises themselves, but did not seem to have any effect. The water rushed out of the windows and from the ground floor like a waterfall, while the flames leaped higher and higher, and as the floors fell in the place still blazed a gigantic display of fire and smoke till the building was completely gutted and the walls keeled over.

The confusion in the streets increased as the fire spread. Suddenly there was an explosion of gas meters, sounding like the reports of field guns, followed by a momentary rush. After that the wild rushing here and there was resumed with increasing energy. Men risked their lives in desperate efforts to save day-books, ledgers, feathers, jewelry, valuable chinaware, etc. One man actually risked his life to fetch his hat and cane, two hundred feet of stonework and glass falling at his heels as he emerged from the building.

Several firemen were almost buried in burning ruins, as front after front of the flaming warehouses fell in, hurling tons of bricks and masonry into the streets, bursting and cutting the fire-hose in all directions, while tons of fiery matter were falling in every direction, making it impossible to foresee where the conflagration would stop, as roof after roof caught fire and window frames all about the scene began to smoke.

As the afternoon wore on the dense crowds were still further enlarged until it was estimated that many hundreds of thousands of people surrounded the big fire. These excited masses of humanity had to be constantly pressed back by the police, as the area of the fire-swept spot increased in size, an operation which became more and more difficult, as the owners and employes of the warehouses adjacent to the scene began the work of saving the most valuable portions of their portable belongings.

By dusk the picture presented was extremely brilliant. Four streets were blazing on both sides, and there was plenty to interest the gambling spirit of the on-lookers in betting as to whether or not the venerable tower of St. Giles' church could stand the hail of sparks and burning fragments with which it was enveloped.

There was no abatement of the blaze before 8 30 p. m. Then the check came in Jewin street and in Wall street, where the collapse of a wall on the side of that thoroughfare was the means of saving the last building in the street. The width of Red Cross street, a comparatively broad thoroughfare, also formed a barrier there.

At 4 a. m. a very large force of firemen and about twenty engines have been working at a high pressure all night.

The district ravished by the fire is bounded by Aldersgate street, Red Cross, Maidenhead court and Bradford avenue, and includes the intermediate streets Jewin, Hamsell, Wall and Edmund and Jewin Crescent.

LONDON, November 20.—It is officially reported that one hundred and fifty warehouses have been gutted. A later estimate of the damage done places the amount at nearly 5,000,000 pounds sterling ($25,000,000.) Nearly all the British fire insurance companies are involved and fire insurance shares were practically unsalable on the Stock Exchange yesterday (Friday) afternoon after the fire was well under way.

Nearly three hundred telephone wires have been cut, thus interrupting communication with many of the big provincial towns.

The fire will cause an enormous advance in the price of ostrich feathers, which rose thirty per cent. last evening (Friday). Two feather firms alone have lost £15,000 sterling ($75,000).

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

Bradstreet's Reports Moderate Improvement in Western Cities—Low Price of Cotton Checks Trading in the South.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 19.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will say:

There is a moderate improvement in staple prices and in the distribution of woollen goods, shoes, hats and hardware in the region tributary to Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City and Nebraska. In South Carolina, Tennessee and Louisiana jobbers report a moderate revival in demand from interior merchants which represent some of the business delayed by yellow fever quarantines. Trade reports from Georgia and Texas are quite irregular. Some cotton planters are compelled to sell cotton at a loss to meet advances made earlier in the season and have little or no surplus with which to buy merchandise. Others, notably in Texas, continue to hold cotton, which delays mercantile collections and in some sections has an unfavorable influence. Colder weather North, West and in the central Mississippi and Missouri river valleys, has helped retail trade. Manufacturers of iron, steel, agricultural implements, stoves, railway cars and woollen goods report an active demand and large output, although the appearance of speculative steel has resulted in weakening the price of billets and a like tendency on the part of Bessemer pig iron. Higher prices are recorded for wheat, corn, oats, syrup, hides, leather, shoes and for turpentine. The reaction in iron and steel is likely to be followed by an advance, if the present rate of consumption continues; so that a lower price for copper is practically the only important decline in the week.

Wheat exports show a heavy increase alike over last week and last year, and with one exception, that of the second week in October, is the largest single week's total on record. The total exports of wheat, flour included as wheat, from both coasts of the United States and Montreal this week aggregate 6,653,792 bushels, against 5,445,543 bushels last week, 3,937,000 bushels in the week a year ago, 2,916,000 bushels in 1895, 1,312,575 bushels in 1894 and 2,764,000 bushels in 1893. The total exports in the second week of September, 1891, were 6,974,000 bushels.

Corn exports also show a gain, aggregating 3,209,790 bushels for the week against 2,975,721 last year, 1,743,000 in 1895 and 189,000 in 1894.

There were 235 business failures reported throughout the United States this week compared with 278 last week, 408 in the week a year ago, 323 two years ago and 295 three years ago, as compared with 358 in the like week of 1893.

THE COTTON GROWERS.

Call for a Convention to be Held in Atlanta in December Next.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., November 19.—J. C. Wilborn, president of the State Alliance and of the recent Cotton Growers' Convention held in this city, has issued the following:

"*To the Cotton Growers of the South:*

"At a large and enthusiastic meeting of the cotton growers of the State of South Carolina, wherein all sections of this State were represented, it was resolved that every State in the South be invited to send delegates to a convention to be called to meet in Atlanta, Ga., December 18th, 1897. The purpose of this convention is to organize the cotton growers of the South, thereby securing unity of action in the marketing and sale of this great staple; also, to devise ways and means by which we may be able to break and throw off the shackles of business slavery that now bind us. With foreign exchanges dictating the price, we can only expect ruin and distress in the future. We can only achieve independence by organization.

"With a view of securing an exchange of ideas and perfecting an organization, which it is hoped will result in good, I have been instructed to call a convention of delegates from all cotton growing States to meet at Atlanta, Ga., on the 18th of December, 1897. All who are interested in this cause are most earnestly requested to co-operate. The Governors of the cotton growing States have been requested to select delegates, and all State organizations interested in the prosperity of the cotton growers are requested to name and secure the attendance of delegates at this convention.

[Signed] "J. C. WILSON,
"President South Carolina Cotton Growers' Association."

Governors of the cotton States will be appealed to in order to get farmers interested to send delegates, the plan being to have one delegate from each Congressional district and two from each State at large.

LINEMAN ELECTROCUTED.

He Took Hold of a Live Wire and Was Killed Instantly.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., November 19.—Henry Haywood, colored, a lineman in the employ of the Charleston Electric Light Company, was electrocuted while at work this afternoon on Hazell street. Haywood was adjusting some of the wires under instructions from a foreman. He was seated astride of the cross-arm of a pole some forty feet from the ground. Some of the wires about him were charged and some were not. By mistake he took hold of a live wire. He was killed instantly, but the body remained in a natural position on the bar. Had it not been for the fact that the foreman was watching the man at the time he sustained the shock, it would have been some time before his death would have been realized. Haywood's hands were terribly burned, but the body was disfigured in no other way.

FATAL STREET FIGHT.

Three Citizens of Waco, Texas, Engage in a Shooting Affair.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 19.—A special to the *Republic* from Waco says: J. W. Harris, editor of the Waco *Times-Herald*, a morning paper, and W. A. Harris, his brother, on one side, and G. B. Gerald, a prominent citizen, fought a duel on the street this afternoon at five o'clock. W. A. Harris was shot dead, J. W. Harris wounded fatally and Gerald shot in the side. He may die. The trouble was the outcome of the mobbing of W. C. Brann, publisher of the *Iconoclast*.

The New York dry goods market shows no increase in interest in any grade. Dealers are of the opinion that there can be no radical change in the situation until there has been a decided improvement in the weather, in the way of more reasonable conditions.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

RAILROAD COMMISSION.

PREVIOUS ORDERS AS TO TELEPHONE RATES ANNULLED.

Attorney General Holds the Commission Has No Power to Fix Price of Phones—Classification of the Pension Fund Completed—Many Cases for the Federal Court in Raleigh.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*

RALEIGH, N.C., November 19.

Auditor Ayer completed the classification of the pension fund this evening. There are $102,000 of the fund which he distributes in the following sums among the different class of pensioners: First class pensioners, $63; second class pensioners, $46 50; third class, $31; fourth class, $15.50; widows, $15.50

There are a large number of cases docketed for the Federal Court, which convenes here December 8th.

The *Biblical Recorder* says there is doubt as to John Evans' guilt of the crime for which he was convicted at Rockingham.

Senator John W. Daniel arrived in the city this morning and appears before the Railway Commission to day at the hearing of the telegraph matter.

Mrs. Elias Carr and daughter are in the city.

The Penitentiary authorities say they hope to have every debt against the institution paid by Thanksgiving day.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The Railroad Commission rendered unanimous decision to-day, annulling all previous orders regulating telephone rates. Attorney General Walser advised the commission that it did not have the power to fix the price of phones, but only the transmission of messages. The commission so held.

Representative Clarence Young says as a result of this action, the Long Distance Telephone Company will soon extend its line in the State.

The commission also decided to allow the Seaboard Railroad Company to straighten the curve at Gaston, thereby taking that town off the line.

THE ODD FELLOWS.

Officers Elected by the Widows and Orphans Relief Association of Virginia and North Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PETERSBURG, VA., November 19.—At an adjourned annual meeting of the Odd Fellows Widows and Orphans Relief Association held in Richmond, Va, Monday night last, the following officers were elected:

President, Thomas N. Kendler, of Richmond; first Vice President, A. K. Henry, of Richmond; second Vice President, Charles W. Busbee, of Raleigh, N. C; third Vice President, L. D. Yarrell, of Emporia; Secretary, T. Wiley Davis, of Richmond; Treasurer, John H. Ferguson, of Richmond.

Directors—W. T. Parham and Wm B. McIlwaine, of Petersburg; J. B. Ley and J. F. Carotheress, of Danville; E. C. Brock of Portsmouth; D. R. Stansbury, of Alexandria; W. D. Tolar, of Manchester; C. W. Throckmorton, of Richmond; J. J. Cherry, of Greenville, N. C; W. C. Wooten, of Wilson, N. C.

This Association is composed of Odd Fellows only of the States of Virginia, West Virginia and North Carolina.

Mr. T. Wiley Davis, the Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Virginia, is also Secretary of the Association. Thousands of dollars have been distributed to widows and orphans of deceased Odd Fellows in the three jurisdictions.

YELLOW FEVER RECORD.

New Cases at New Orleans and Mobile—A Death at Pensacola—General Belief That Cold Weather Will Stay the Plague.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 19.—The Board of Health gave the town another clean bill of health to day. Gov. Johnston issued his proclamation to-day raising the State quarantine absolutely to-morrow at noon. This removes all restrictions as to freight and travel in the State.

PENSACOLA, PA, November 19.—A soldier of the First Artillery died in the hospital at Fort Barancas last evening. An autopsy showed the cause to have been yellow fever.

MOBILE, November 19.—A light frost was noticed this morning. There were two new cases of fever to day.

NEW ORLEANS, November 19.—There were six new cases of yellow fever today and no deaths. This was another cold morning and a trace of frost with another frost probable to-morrow morning.

WARM WIRELETS

British steamship G. R Booth from Bremen, reached Brunswick, last night in a disabled condition.

The monitor Amphitrite has arrived at Fort Royal, S. C., where she will remain for some time engaged in training gunners.

The total bank clearings in the United States for the week were $1,277,308,888; per cent. increase, 3 5. Exclusive of New York, $538,964,213; per cent. increase, 9 8.

A dispatch from Darien, Ga., says the schooner Roger Moore, from Wilmington, N. C., put in Thursday night at Sapelo in distress. Two masts have been lost.

At St. Joseph, Mo., Friday, John J. Overton, aged 100 years and one month, was married to Mrs. Mary Henderson, aged seventy-seven years. This is believed to beat the record for marriage of old people.

In Oconee county Ga., near Athens, Ga., Miss Lizzie Gross, one of the leading young ladies of that county committed suicide by taking poison. She had recently been sick and it is thought she was temporarily deranged.

The Late Princess Bismarck.

"The countess stood there, hesitating a moment," writes George W. Smalley while describing his first visit to Prince Bismarck, a few years ago, in The Ladies' Home Journal. "I thought then, as I have thought since, of the part she had played in her husband's life. Her present intervention had evidently surprised the count; it was very much in the manner, thus far, of Mrs. Gladstone, whose superintendence over her husband has been, especially during the last 20 years, of a very close and anxious kind. Countess Bismarck never, I think, aspired to much direct influence in public affairs. Her face was not that of a masterful woman, nor yet pre-eminently of one born to bear sway in courts or drawing rooms, but above all things sympathetic, kindly, amiable and attractive. Her manner was of great sweetness. She moved and spoke gently. In all her bearing, in the tone of her voice, in her attitude as she remained there, still appealing to her husband, though silent, there were both affection and refinement."

CATARRH IN THE HEAD, that troublesome and disgusting disease, may be entirely cured by a thorough course of Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, billousness. All druggists. 25c. †

SOCIETY WOMEN USE IT.

Mrs. Kester Haines, Prominent New York Hostess, Relieved of Insomnia by Paine's Celery Compound

There exists among women who are much in society a form of weariness resulting from overtaxed nerves, more intense and depressing than any known to tired muscles.

The overcrowded lives of such women make themselves slaves of anxieties and annoyances which they cannot ignore.

The following letter from one of New York's busiest hostesses shows how implicitly Paine's celery compound is relied on among the most intelligent, well to do families as well as in the many more humble households all over the country.

NEW YORK CITY, Oct. 9, 1897.

GENTLEMEN—I think it but fair to you that I bear testimony to the beneficial results of my use of Paine's celery compound.

Two years ago I was almost a wreck from nervous prostration, resulting from overwork, mental and physical. I had lost my memory completely, and friends feared I would never recover. After trying several remedies to no avail, my physician prescribed Paine's celery compound, and within a few days there was a decided improvement in my condition.

After the use of three bottles I was so much better that it was unnecessary for me to continue its use. Since then I have recommended it widely and have yet to hear that it has failed to do all that I claim for it.

To any one suffering from any of the ills attendant upon continued loss of sleep I can and do heartily recommend it. Very truly yours,

Mayme L. Haines.

In all cases of nervous prostration, nervous indigestion, neuralgia, sleeplessness, hysteria or incessant headache, the objective point of a true remedy like Paine's celery compound is to make more blood, gather flesh and increase the number of red, health-giving corpuscles in the blood.

Paine's celery compound fills the vessels with red blood, drives out the dangerous humors and thus gives relief to a host of aches, pains and weaknesses.

Women and men who have lost flesh and grown colorless and are subject to aches and pains, gain quickly in health from Paine's celery compound. There is hardly a family of any size where there is not some member who is feeble, forever tired and below the standard of health to whom Paine's celery compound would prove of invaluable help. Not only does this great invigorator drive out the aches and distresses that have accumulated because of neglected rheumatism or neuralgia, but the liberal gain in flesh and blood that is always a noticeable and encouraging result of its use, brings about better health in the digestive, assimilative and secretive organs; in other words all over the body.

Grand Master Moore, at the request of the Masons of North Carolina will call a special committee of the Grand Lodge to assist in laying the corner-stone of the monument erected to the memory of the late United States Senator Vance at Asheville. The ceremonies will occur early in December.

The report of the court of inquiry in the case of Captain Oberlin M Carter, has been referred by the Secretary of War to Judge Advocate General Lieber. It is understood that the purpose is to frame specifications for a trial by court martial.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpariel type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Turkeys, Chickens, Geese and Ducks, alive and dressed, at L. Tate Bowden's, 6 Princess street. Also Peas of all kinds.

In case you need Bananas, Fine Peaches, Malaga and Catawba Grapes, don't hesitate a moment as to where they can be bought to best advantage. Go to Andrew Mavronichols', 705 North Fourth street. Bell 'Phone 346; Inter-State 191. nov 14 tf

People know good Teas and Coffees when they drink it. That's why they follow the Atlantic Tea Co, even if they have moved to 618 North Fourth street. They keep the only good Teas and Coffees in the city. You had better be patrons of theirs if you want the best. nov 14 tf

Had that Suit made yet, neighbor? No! Well, call to see me and get some figures. Don't think of buying until you have seen the large and complete stock of E. Poezolt & Bro., No. 8 South Front street. nov 14 tf

Wanted at once—A position as governess to small children, or as mother's aid Companion to an infirm or elderly lady. Terms moderate. References good. Address, S. A. G, Carrier 5, Wilmington, N. C. oc 31 tf

Costs you nothing to see the Maxim light. Cheaper and better than the Welsbach or Sunlight. What more do you want? Wilmington Iron Works sell it. nov 10 1m

For Ten Days—All Wool Carpets at 53¼c per yard; Cotton and Wool Carpets at 37½c per yard; Cotton Carpets at 23c per yard; the best A1 Wire Tapestry at 75c per yard; Rugs at a big reduction. J. J. Shepard, 18 Market street. nov 7 tf

Merchants—Wholesale and country merchants save time and money by letting me parch your Peanuts. New process by which large quantities can be roasted at one time. Samples sent if required. A. E. Blake, Wilmington, N. C. nov 7 tf

Country Produce—Consignments of all kinds of country produce wanted by H. J. Bierman, Commission Merchant, 105 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C. All goods carefully handled and prompt returns given. oc 30 tf

Photographs—For finest quality, latest styles, best material, finest finish, lowest prices, call on U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Cloudy weather makes no difference. oc 29 tf

Black-eye and Cow Peas, Chickens, Eggs. Don't handle everything, but solicit consignments of country produce. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, and Pork a specialty. M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street. oc 28 tf

W. V. Hardin, corner Second and Princess streets, fine Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. New River Oysters in any style. Polite and attentive clerks. Satisfaction guaranteed. oc 14 tf

Always Reliable—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 92. mar 18 tf

WALTER H DUNK
COPYRIGHT 1897

"THIS LITTLE PIG WENT TO MARKET.

This little pig stayed at home," but the finest little pigs and big pigs find their way into this market in the shape of delicious sausages that are appetizing these cold mornings, with your buckwheat cakes, and in pigs feet, tripe, sweet hams and bacon, choice loins and shoulders of pork for roasting, and hog produce generally.

I. B. RHODES,

Front Street Market.

no 13 tf

THE SOUTHERN MILLING AND LUMBER JOURNAL,

By Z. W. WHITEHEAD,
Wilmington, N. C.

Published in the heart of the long-leaf and yellow pine belt of the South.

Indispensable to timber men and lumber dealers generally.

Careful and trustworthy correspondents at all lumber centers and commercial markets.

Branch offices in Norfolk, Va.; Washington, D. C.; Philadelphia, Pa.; New York, N. Y.; Atlanta, Ga.; Charleston, S. C.; New Orleans, La., and Chicago, Ill.

Full and complete market reports every week.

Subscription price $2 50 a year.

sep 25 tf

1831 *Sixty-Eighth Year.* 1898

THE

Country Gentleman.

THE BEST OF THE

AGRICULTURAL WEEKLIES.

Indispensable to

ALL COUNTRY RESIDENTS

WHO WISH TO

KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES.

TERMS REDUCED FOR 1898

☞ SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS (which will be stated by mail on application) to Persons raising larger Clubs:

☞ Paper FREE all the rest of this year to New Subscribers for 1898:

☞ *AND A PREMIUM FOR EVERY READER.*

It will be seen that the difference between the cost of the COUNTRY GENTLEMAN and that of other agricultural weeklies may readily be reduced, by making up a small Club, to

Less Than a Cent a Week!

Send for Specimen Copies,

Which will be mailed Free, and see whether this enormous difference in cost should prevent your having the best. What account would you make of such a difference in buying medicine or food? Address,

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
ALBANY, N. Y.

oc 14 5t

AN INDUCEMENT.

During this week we will make and lay Carpets FREE OF CHARGE for cash only. We except REMNANTS.

We Will Cut and Hang Shades FREE OF CHARGE.

On our counters you will find one lot of Ladies' Vests and Pants. Some are worth $1 00, others 75 cents each. They will go now for 49 cts each. You may find your size.

For this Week Only—

Ten dozen Ladies' Ribbed Vests (fleeced lined) at 25 cents each.

For this Week Only—

Five dozen Ladies' Wool Vests (worth $1.00 each) only 89 cts each.

Comforts at $1 and $1.25 Each.

KID GLOVES and the largest line of Ladies' Dress Goods ever shown in Wilmington.

We are Agents of BUTTERICK PATTERNS.

1,000 CRASH to be disposed of and will go this week for 3c per yard

A. D. BROWN,

No. 29 North Front St.

'Phone 102.

no 7 tf

Getting Married

is a mighty serious business. But there are more serious things to follow the ceremony. The selection of

Dry Goods and Carpets

for instance; these things cannot be bought every day, so it is important to exercise good judgment. Why not make our store the source of supply? You could not go wrong if you picked out the goods with eyes blindfolded. Qualities are the best, styles the newest and most approved, and prices decidedly in your favor.

Remember we are sole Agents for the W. B. CORSETS. Wear no others until you have tried these at

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

No. 9 North Front Street.

Write for samples and mention this paper.

no 16 tf

A Scorching Hot

WALTER H DUNK
COPYRIGHT

Wave at this time of year is usually succeeded by "quite a spell" of cold weather. Chilly evenings now, and a bright fire in the grate is welcome. A small quantity of our high grade

Jellico or Caledonia Coal

will take the chill from your rooms.

For cooking or heating purposes it has no equal for economy. Let us fill your bin now. Winter isn't far off

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephones 64 and 94. Inter-State 146.

no 14 tf

DRESS GOODS AND SILKS.

A Grand Line to Select From. All at Special Prices.

Silk and Wool Suitings	25 cents
75c 44 inch Serge	39 "
Plaid and Stripe Baucle	48 "
85c Broadcloth	45 "
$1 00 Broadcloth	85 "
88c Covert Cloth	75 "
$1.75 Covert Cloth	$1 33
$1 50 Silk and Wool Poplin	1 15
$1.25 27 inch Roman Stripe Taffeta	98 cents
$1.00 Roman Stripe Taffeta	89 "
20 inch Roman Stripe Silks	50 "
$1.00 Fancy Grograin for Skirts	75 "

Write for samples.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Near Fourth Street Bridge.

Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up.

no 14 tf

J. A. SPRINGER & CO

IF YOU WANT GOOD COAL.

If you want clean well prepared Coal.
If you want first-class service.
If you want to buy fuel of a concern that always tries to please.
If you want to trade with dealers who appreciate your business.
If you want to deal with a firm that always has the goods on hand.
If you want straight goods at straight prices and be treated right on four sides, then send your orders to the old stand.

J A Springer & Co

no 14 tf

JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, President. F. R. HAWES, Cashier.

The National Bank of Wilmington,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - - $111,500 00.

This Bank has unsurpassed facilities for transacting a General Banking Business, and offers to De every accommodation consistent with sound banking.

Send your Business to "THE NATIONAL," as you will find it to your interest to do so, and you find us prompt, accurate and accommodating.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

Directors:

JOHN S. ARMSTRONG,
JAS. H. CHADBOURN, JR.,
WILLIAM GILCHRIST,
WILLIAM CALDER,
C. W. YATES,
CHAS. E. BORDEN,
GABRIEL HOLMES,
GEO. R. FRENCH,
HUGH MACRAE,
WM. E. WORTH,
J. G. L. GIESCHEN.

sep 19 tf

FOR RENT.

STORE ON MARKET between Front and Water.

Store on South Water street, between Market and Dock.

Store on North Water street between Princess and Chesnut.

Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.

no 10 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 27th TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 8.00 a. m., and 5.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 5.00 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT,
Superintendent.

sep 25 t